STATE OF NEW MEXICO
CITY OF CARLSBAD

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD OFFICIAL ROSTER AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

ELECTED OFFICIALS

NAME	TITLE		
Dale Janway	Mayor		
Collis Johnson	Municipal Judge		
Lisa Anaya-Flores	City Councilor		
Edward Rodriguez	City Councilor/Mayor Pro Tem		
Jason Chavez	City Councilor		
Jeff Forrest	City Councilor		
Karla Niemeier	City Councilor		
Judith Waters	City Councilor		
Wesley Carter	City Councilor		
Mark Walterscheid	City Councilor		
DEPARTI	MENT HEADS		
NAME	TITLE		
John Lowe	City Administrator		
Nadine Mireles	City Clerk		
Denise Madrid-Boyea	City Attorney		
Ted Cordova	Deputy City Administrator		
Kenneth Cass	Deputy City Administrator		
Melissa Salcido	Director of Finance/City Treasurer		
Shane Skinner	Chief of Police		
Kenneth Ahrens	Fire Chief		
Ted Cordova	Human Resources Director		
Ted Cordova	Director of Community Development		
Jeff Patterson	Director of Planning, Engineering, and Regulations Department		
Wayne Hatfield	Director of Information Technology		
Patrick Cass	Director of Public Works		
Mike Abell	Director of Utilities		
Angie Barrios-Testa	Director of Municipal Services		
Randy Galindo	Director of Safety		



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Mayor and City Councilors The City of Carlsbad and Joseph M. Maestas, PE **New Mexico State Auditor**

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the general fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund of the City of Carlsbad (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the general fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund of the City, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Adoption of New Accounting Guidance

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the City has adopted the new accounting guidance GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, and GASB 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, which are required for adoption for all fiscal years beginning subsequent to June 15, 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Restatements

As discussed in Note 21 to the financial statements, the 2023 financial statements have been restated to correct misstatements related to grant and cannabis excise tax receivables. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

<u>Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements</u>

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management, discussion, and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that schedules of the City's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities and the City's contributions, listed as "Required Supplementary Information" in the table of contents, be presented to

supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

<u>Supplementary and Other Supplementary Information</u>

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements, that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as listed in the table of contents under the Federal Compliance Section, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information, as required by 2.2.2 NMAC, as listed in the table of contents, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, such information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2023 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests

December 12, 2023

Independent Auditor's Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements, continued

of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hinkle + Landers, PC

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Hinkle & Landers, P.C.

December 12, 2023

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash	63,838,794	29,798,509	93,637,303
Receivables			
Customer receivables, net	15,382,979	2,162,125	17,545,104
Due from other governments	2,565,975	605,128	3,171,103
Leases receivable, current	66,238	-	66,238
Due from governmental activities	-	112,616	112,616
Inventory	-	1,137,210	1,137,210
Total current assets	81,853,986	33,815,588	115,669,574
Noncurrent assets			
Restricted cash	1,062,045	22,800,195	23,862,240
Restricted cash held by fiscal agent	-	240,864	240,864
Leases receivable, noncurrent	849,481	-	849,481
Capital assets			
Land and construction in progress	2,277,508	2,152,271	4,429,779
Other capital assets, net of accumulated			
depreciation and amortization	141,375,565	112,515,959	253,891,524
Total noncurrent assets	145,564,599	137,709,289	283,273,888
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension related	10,070,495	1,216,769	11,287,264
OPEB related	3,801,638	493,998	4,295,636
Total deferred outflows of resources	13,872,133	1,710,767	15,582,900
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	241,290,718	173,235,644	414,526,362

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

	_	Р	rimary Government	
		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities	_			
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	1,268,485	895,278	2,163,763
Accrued salaries		695,524	111,044	806,568
Accrued liabilities		138,368	87,768	226,136
Advance grant and lease payments		46,229	-	46,229
Accrued interest payable		-	151,594	151,594
Deposits payable		12,200	605,762	617,962
Due to business-type activities		112,616	-	112,616
Current maturities of:				
Notes payable		-	1,668,362	1,668,362
Lease liability		306,826	8,039	314,865
Subscription liability		256,672	-	256,672
Compensated absences		763,472	121,593	885,065
Total current liabilities	-	3,600,392	3,649,440	7,249,832
Noncurrent liabilities				
Notes payable		-	25,008,125	25,008,125
Lease liability		210,134	112,805	322,939
Subscription liability		197,844	-	197,844
Compensated absences		1,233,016	192,269	1,425,285
Landfill closure and post-closure		-	556,102	556,102
Net pension liability		65,373,988	8,247,598	73,621,586
Net OPEB liability		12,317,767	1,600,613	13,918,380
Total noncurrent liabilities	_	79,332,749	35,717,512	115,050,261
Total liabilities	_	82,933,141	39,366,952	122,300,093
Deferred inflows of resources				
Leases		901,921	-	901,921
Pension related		3,538,027	475,406	4,013,433
OPEB related		12,114,091	1,574,147	13,688,238
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	16,554,039	2,049,553	18,603,592
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets		143,136,113	87,870,899	231,007,012
Restricted for:				
Special revenue		5,232,052	-	5,232,052
Debt service		-	9,311,907	9,311,907
State mandated per statutes		11,352,939	-	11,352,939
Construction and improvement		278,014	-	278,014
Endowment:				
Expendable		-	9,073,794	9,073,794
Unrestricted		(18,195,580)	25,562,539	7,366,959
Total net position	_	141,803,538	131,819,139	273,622,677
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,				
and net position	\$_	241,290,718	173,235,644	414,526,362

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Public safety 29,613,393 - 1,525,614 - (28,087,779) - (28,087,779) Public works 15,129,053 50,886 834,177 1,246,519 (12,997,471) - 12,90,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 1,20,512 <td< th=""><th></th></td<>	
Functions/Programs	
Functions/Programs Expenses Services Grants and Contributions Cont	
Functions/Programs Expenses Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Totology Primary government: Governmental activities: General government \$ 9,351,746 662,600 6,215,195 399,894 (2,074,057) - (20,000) (20,000) 1,000 - (20,000) <td></td>	
Primary government: Governmental activities: General government \$ 9,351,746 662,600 6,215,195 399,894 (2,074,057) - (2,074,057) - (2,074,057) - (28,014,05	
Governmental activities: General government General government General government Spision Safety Spision Spision Safety Spision Spision Safety Spision S	d
General government \$ 9,351,746 662,600 6,215,195 399,894 (2,074,057) - (2,074,057) Public safety 29,613,393 - 1,525,614 - (28,087,779) - (28,087,779) - (28,087,779) Public works 15,129,053 50,886 834,177 1,246,519 (12,997,471) - (1	
Public safety 29,613,393 - 1,525,614 - (28,087,779) - (28,087,779) Public works 15,129,053 50,886 834,177 1,246,519 (12,997,471) - (12,987,471) Culture and recreation 13,638,028 267,408 16,332 - (13,354,288) - (13,35	
Public works 15,129,053 50,886 834,177 1,246,519 (12,997,471) - (12,987,471) Culture and recreation 13,638,028 267,408 16,332 - (13,354,288) - (13,354,288) Health and welfare 762,312 903,266 - 140,954 - 14 Economic development 1,325,698 (1,325,698) - (1,3354,288) Interest on long-term obligations 16,380 (16,380) - (1,3354,288) Total governmental activities 69,836,610 1,884,160 8,591,318 1,646,413 (57,714,719) - (57,733,122) Business-type activities Joint utility 13,836,684 14,058,129 - 1,069,067 - 1,290,512 1,233,123,123,123,123,123,123,123,123,12	4,057)
Culture and recreation 13,638,028 267,408 16,332 - (13,354,288) - (13,354,288) Health and welfare 762,312 903,266 (140,954) - 14 Economic development 1,325,698 (13,25,698) - (13,354,288) Interest on long-term obligations 16,380 (16,380) - (13,354,288) Total governmental activities 69,836,610 1,884,160 8,591,318 1,646,413 (57,714,719) - (57,712,712) Business-type activities Joint utility 13,836,684 14,058,129 - 1,069,067 - 1,290,512 1,29 Solid waste 6,293,681 7,762,729 - 111,000 - 1,580,048 1,51 Museum 3,006 2,322 824,139 8 Golf pro shop 608,853 1,432,992 824,139 8 Total business-type activities 20,742,224 23,256,172 - 1,180,067 - 3,694,015 3,694,015 Total primary government \$ 90,578,834 25,140,332 8,591,318 2,826,480 (57,714,719) 3,694,015 54,00 General Revenues: <	7,779)
Health and welfare 762,312 903,266 140,954 - 150,000	7,471)
Economic development 1,325,698 (1,325,698) - (1,225,698) - (1,225,	4,288)
Interest on long-term obligations 16,380 - - - - (16,380) - (17,72)	0,954
Total governmental activities 69,836,610 1,884,160 8,591,318 1,646,413 (57,714,719) - (57,77) Business-type activities Joint utility 13,836,684 14,058,129 - 1,069,067 - 1,290,512 1,290	5,698)
Business-type activities Joint utility	6,380)
Joint utility 13,836,684 14,058,129 - 1,069,067 - 1,290,512 1,29 Solid waste 6,293,681 7,762,729 - 111,000 - 1,580,048 1,58 Museum 3,006 2,322 - - - 684) Golf pro shop 608,853 1,432,992 - - - 824,139 85 Total business-type activities 20,742,224 23,256,172 - 1,180,067 - 3,694,015 3,69 Total primary government \$ 90,578,834 25,140,332 8,591,318 2,826,480 (57,714,719) 3,694,015 (54,02) General Revenues: Gross receipts taxes 71,311,317 1,388,568 72,68 Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,183,954 - 4,18 Lodgers' taxes 4,493,467 - 4,48 Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 368	4,719)
Solid waste 6,293,681 7,762,729 - 111,000 - 1,580,048 1,58 Museum 3,006 2,322 - - - - (684) Golf pro shop 608,853 1,432,992 - - - 824,139 82 Total business-type activities 20,742,224 23,256,172 - 1,180,067 - 3,694,015 3,694,015 3,694,015 (54,02) General Revenues: Gross receipts taxes 71,311,317 1,388,568 72,60 Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,183,954 - 4,18 Lodgers' taxes 4,493,467 - 4,48 Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 36	
Museum 3,006 2,322 - - - 6684 6684 Golf pro shop 608,853 1,432,992 - - - - 824,139 83 Total business-type activities 20,742,224 23,256,172 - 1,180,067 - 3,694,015 3,694 Total primary government \$ 90,578,834 25,140,332 8,591,318 2,826,480 (57,714,719) 3,694,015 (54,02) General Revenues: Gross receipts taxes 71,311,317 1,388,568 72,68 Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,183,954 - 4,48 Lodgers' taxes 4,493,467 - 4,48 Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 368	0,512
Golf pro shop Total business-type activities Total primary government Separate Revenues: Gross receipts taxes Property taxes, levied for general purposes Lodgers' taxes Cannabis excise taxes Golf, pro shop 1,432,992 1,432,992 1,432,992 1,432,992 1,432,992 1,438,067 1,438,067 1,438,067 1,438,068 1,438,0	0,048
Total business-type activities Total primary government \$\frac{20,742,224}{90,578,834} \frac{23,256,172}{25,140,332} \frac{-}{8,591,318} \frac{1,180,067}{2,826,480} \frac{-}{(57,714,719)} \frac{3,694,015}{3,694,015} \frac{(54,02)}{(54,02)} \frac{1,311,317}{3,694,015} \frac{1,388,568}{6,972,61} \frac{1,311,317}{2,388,568} \frac{1,388,568}{1,262} \frac{1,311,317}{2,388,568} \frac{1,388,568}{1,262} \frac{1,418,954}{2,493,467} \frac{-}{4,493,467} \frac{1,493,467}{2,493,467} \f	(684)
Total primary government \$\frac{90,578,834}{25,140,332} \frac{25,140,332}{8,591,318} \frac{2,826,480}{(57,714,719)} \frac{3,694,015}{3,694,015} \frac{(54,0)}{(54,0)}\$ General Revenues: Gross receipts taxes Property taxes, levied for general purposes Lodgers' taxes Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 36	4,139
General Revenues: 71,311,317 1,388,568 72,66 Gross receipts taxes 71,311,317 1,388,568 72,66 Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,183,954 - 4,18 Lodgers' taxes 4,493,467 - 4,49 Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 36	4,015
Gross receipts taxes 71,311,317 1,388,568 72,61 Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,183,954 - 4,18 Lodgers' taxes 4,493,467 - 4,48 Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 36	0,704)
Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,183,954 - 4,18 Lodgers' taxes 4,493,467 - 4,49 Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 36	
Lodgers' taxes 4,493,467 - 4,49 Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 36	9,885
Cannabis excise taxes 368,100 - 36	3,954
,	3,467
Franchise taxes 949.050 - 94	8,100
114Hollise taxes 345,000 - 34	9,050
Public service taxes 755,102 - 75	5,102
Licenses and permits 427,758 - 43	7,758
Fines 727,137 - 72	7,137
Interest income 610,372 338,675 94	9,047
Donations 177,556 - 1 ⁻	7,556
Donations of infrastructure	-
Miscellaneous 125,872 29,992 1	5,864
Special item - Gain/(loss) on disposal of asset (264,347) (216,098) (41	0,445)
Extraordinary item - brine well remediation expense (1,500,000) - (1,50	0,000)
Transfers (11,927,326) 11,927,326	-
Total general revenues, special items, and transfers 70,438,012 13,468,463 83,90	6,475
Change in net position 12,723,293 17,162,478 29,88	5,771
Net position, beginning of year 128,207,361 114,622,683 242,83),044
Restatements (Note 21)872,88433,97890	6,862
Net position, beginning of year, restated 129,080,245 114,656,661 243,73	5,906
Net position, end of year \$\frac{141,803,538}{273,62} \frac{131,819,139}{273,62}	2,677

See independent auditor's report.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

		General	Non-Major	Total
		Fund	Governmental	Governmental
	_	(101, 102)	Funds	Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash	\$	44,877,567	14,650,016	59,527,583
Receivables, net		13,234,406	4,516,354	17,750,760
Leases receivable		915,718	-	915,718
Restricted:				
Cash	_	_	50,510	50,510
Total assets	\$_	59,027,691	19,216,880	78,244,571
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	641,715	580,751	1,222,466
Accrued salaries		667,084	28,441	695,525
Accrued liabilities		133,711	4,657	138,368
Advance grant and lease payments		_	46,229	46,229
Deposits payable		12,200	_	12,200
Due to other funds		112,616	-	112,616
Total liabilities		1,567,326	660,078	2,227,404
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable property tax revenue		288,595	_	288,595
Unavailable leases receivable		901,921	-	901,921
Unavailable charges for services		273,067	-	273,067
Total deferred inflows	_	1,463,583		1,463,583
Fund balances				
Nonspendable for:				
Leases receivable		13,797	-	13,797
Restricted for:				
Public safety		-	2,196,627	2,196,627
Sports complex activities		-	3,035,425	3,035,425
State mandated per statutes		-	5,921,371	5,921,371
State mandated budget reserve		5,431,568	-	5,431,568
Construction and improvements		-	278,014	278,014
Committed for:				
City budget reserve		5,431,568	-	5,431,568
Subsequent years' expenditures		22,754,331	-	22,754,331
Assigned		-	7,125,365	7,125,365
Unassigned		22,365,519	-	22,365,519
Total fund balances		55,996,782	18,556,802	74,553,584
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$_	59,027,691	19,216,880	78,244,571

See independent auditor's report.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$	74,553,584
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because: Capital assets and right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financia statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.	I	143,653,073
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet:		
Lease liability Subscription liability Compensated absences Net pension related deferrals and liability Net OPEB related deferrals and liability		(210,134) (197,844) (1,233,016) (58,841,520) (20,630,220)
Other current liabilities are not available to pay for current period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds:		
Lease liability Subscription liability Compensated absences		(306,826) (256,672) (763,472)
Revenues not collected within sixty days after year end are considered "available" revenues and are considered to be "unavailable" revenues in the fund financial statements, but are considered revenue in the Statement of Activities:		
Property taxes Charges for services		288,595 273,067
Residual balances of the internal service funds are included within the governmental activities and are not reported in the governmental funds.		5,474,920
Rounding Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3 141,803,538

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CARLSBAD

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		General Fund (101, 102)	Non-Major Gov't Funds	Total Gov't Funds
Revenues				
Gross receipts taxes	\$	63,328,870	7,982,448	71,311,318
Property taxes		4,200,080	-	4,200,080
Franchise taxes		949,050	-	949,050
Lodgers' taxes		_	4,493,467	4,493,467
Cannabis excise taxes		_	368,100	368,100
Public service taxes		-	755,102	755,102
Intergovernmental:				
Federal		105,304	5,934,787	6,040,091
State and local		760,123	3,437,516	4,197,639
Charges for services		1,801,243	98,719	1,899,962
Licenses and permits		311,195	116,563	427,758
Contributions and donations		177,556	-	177,556
Fines and forfeitures		-	727,137	727,137
Interest		553,693	17,372	571,065
Miscellaneous		41,397	-	41,397
Total revenues		72,228,511	23,931,211	96,159,722
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General government		7,206,399	1,169,503	8,375,902
Public safety		25,109,465	2,833,602	27,943,067
Public works		8,658,016	1,249,411	9,907,427
Culture and recreation		6,188,260	3,603,382	9,791,642
Health and welfare		626,925	-	626,925
Economic development		1,261,600	61,943	1,323,543
Capital outlay		3,857,637	12,858,454	16,716,091
Debt service:				
Principal		511,261	72,321	583,582
Interest and other charges		15,882	497	16,379
Total expenditures		53,435,445	21,849,113	75,284,558
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures		18,793,066	2,082,098	20,875,164
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in		6,034,055	1,086,453	7,120,508
Transfers (out)		(15,012,743)	(4,704,194)	(19,716,937)
Total other financing	_		`	
sources and (uses)		(8,978,688)	(3,617,741)	(12,596,429)
Special item				
Proceeds from sale of assets		32,920	7,440	40,360
Net change in fund balances		9,847,298	(1,528,203)	8,319,095
Fund balance, beginning of year		46,149,484	19,212,121	65,361,605
Restatements (Note 21)		-	872,884	872,884
Fund balance, beginning of year restated	_	46,149,484	20,085,005	66,234,489
Fund balance, end of year	\$	55,996,782	18,556,802	74,553,584
	=			

See independent auditor's report.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:

8,319,095

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense:

Capital expenditures recorded in capital outlay	16,253,394
Depreciation and amortization expense	(12,226,498)
Transfers to business-type funds	(45 952)

Within the statement of activities, the basis of capital assets disposed of are netted with the gross proceeds to report a gain or loss. The disposal of capital assets are not considered use of financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

(304,708)

Governmental funds report revenues not collected within 60 days as deferred revenues until subsequently collected. These transactions are recorded as revenues when earned in the statement of activities

Property taxes	(16,126)
Charges for services	(15,802)

The issuance of long-term obligations (notes, bonds, leases) provides current resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term obligations consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:

Principal payments on lease and subscription liabilities

583,582

3

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:

Change in compensated absences	5,747
Pension expense	(1,875,634)
OPEB revenue (expense)	3,278,837
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet	
maintenance and information technology, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain	
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(1,232,645)

Rounding (1,232,64

Change in net assets of governmental activities \$ 12,723,293

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD GENERAL FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Original Approved Budget	Final Approved Budget	Actual	Variances Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues		_		_	
Intergovernmental sources - federal	\$	-	4,000	49,764	45,764
Intergovernmental sources - state		2,022,277	2,063,519	1,770,700	(292,819)
Local and state shared taxes		43,981,479	43,981,479	59,321,610	15,340,131
Property taxes		3,709,845	3,709,845	4,182,156	472,311
Franchise taxes		831,500	831,500	980,886	149,386
Licenses and permits		206,000	206,000	304,548	98,548
Charges for services		1,109,700	1,109,700	1,394,100	284,400
Interest		39,000	39,000	553,693	514,693
Donations		-	91,500	177,556	86,056
Other revenue		16,000	19,000	117,563	98,563
Total revenues		51,915,801	52,055,543	68,852,576	16,797,033
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		9,082,110	8,935,554	7,884,962	1,050,592
Public safety		28,476,279	29,148,525	27,370,714	1,777,811
Public works		10,511,999	10,856,526	9,434,965	1,421,561
Health and welfare		674,826	699,826	632,322	67,504
Culture and recreation		7,664,372	7,927,988	6,870,967	1,057,021
Economic development		1,748,769	1,776,928	1,284,707	492,221
Capital outlay					
Capital outlay	_	7,020,457	8,315,678	3,713,381	4,602,297
Total expenditures	_	65,178,812	67,661,025	57,192,018	10,469,007
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses)		(13,263,011)	(15,605,482)	11,660,558	27,266,040
Transfers in		3,695,212	6,034,055	6,034,055	_
Transfers out		(4,925,000)	(11,925,000)	(11,925,000)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(1,229,788)	(5,890,945)	(5,890,945)	
Excess (deficiency of revenues over expenditures					
and other financing sources (uses)		(14,492,799)	(21,496,427)	5,769,613	27,266,040
Budgeted cash carryover	_	14,492,799	21,496,427		
Total	\$		_		
RECONCILIATION FROM BUDGET/ACTUAL TO GAAP Change in fund balance (Budget Basis) To adjust applicable revenue accruals and deferrals To adjust applicable expenditure accruals Rounding			\$	5,769,613 3,408,854 668,834 (3)	
Change in fund balance (GAAP basis)			\$	9,847,298	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	_	Busine	Governmental			
		Joint Water	Solid			Activities
		and Sewer	Waste	Non-Major		Internal
		Fund	Fund	Enterprise		Service
	_	(700)	(720)	Funds	Total	Funds
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets						
Cash	\$	14,370,223	14,586,770	841,516	29,798,509	4,311,210
Receivables						
Customer receivables, net		1,565,574	571,285	25,266	2,162,125	198,193
Due from other governments		605,128	-	-	605,128	-
Due from other funds		145,593	-	-	145,593	-
Inventory	_	1,069,797		67,413	1,137,210	
Total current assets		17,756,315	15,158,055	934,195	33,848,565	4,509,403
Noncurrent assets						
Restricted cash		18,828,000	3,972,195	-	22,800,195	1,011,535
Restricted cash held by fiscal agent		240,864	-	-	240,864	-
Capital Assets						
Land and construction in progress		2,142,271	10,000	-	2,152,271	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation and amortization	_	106,789,051	5,726,908		112,515,959	
Total noncurrent assets		128,000,186	9,709,103	-	137,709,289	1,011,535
Deferred outflows of resources						
Pension related		878,961	337,808	-	1,216,769	-
OPEB related	_	365,129	128,869		493,998	
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	1,244,090	466,677		1,710,767	
Total assets and deferred	_	·				
outflows of resources	\$_	147,000,591	25,333,835	934,195	173,268,621	5,520,938

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION- PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Busine	Governmental			
	Joint Water	Solid		_	Activities
	and Sewer	Waste	Non-Major		Internal
	Fund	Fund	Enterprise		Service
	(700)	(720)	Funds	Total	Funds
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 703,857	190,622	799	895,278	46,018
Accrued salaries	80,925	30,119	-	111,044	-
Accrued liabilities	82,528	-	5,240	87,768	-
Accrued interest payable	151,594	-	-	151,594	-
Customer deposits	605,762	-	-	605,762	-
Due to other funds	-	-	32,977	32,977	-
Current maturities of liabilities:					
Notes payable	1,668,362	-	-	1,668,362	-
Leases payable	6,189	1,850	-	8,039	-
Compensated absences	93,242	28,351	-	121,593	_
Total current liabilities	3,392,459	250,942	39,016	3,682,417	46,018
Noncurrent liabilities					
Notes payable	25,008,125	-	-	25,008,125	-
Leases payable	108,453	4,352		112,805	-
Compensated absences	141,599	50,670	-	192,269	-
Landfill closure and post-closure	-	556,102	-	556,102	-
Net pension liability	6,156,474	2,091,124	-	8,247,598	-
Net OPEB liability	1,183,062	417,551	-	1,600,613	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	32,597,713	3,119,799		35,717,512	
Total liabilities	35,990,172	3,370,741	39,016	39,399,929	46,018
Deferred inflows of resources					
Pension related	354,722	120,684	-	475,406	-
OPEB related	1,163,500	410,647		1,574,147	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,518,222	531,331	-	2,049,553	-
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	82,140,193	5,730,706	-	87,870,899	-
Restricted:					
Debt service	9,311,907	-	-	9,311,907	-
Endowment:					
Expendable	9,073,794	-	-	9,073,794	-
Unrestricted	8,966,303	15,701,057	895,179	25,562,539	5,474,920
Total net position	109,492,197	21,431,763	895,179	131,819,139	5,474,920
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		_	_	_	_
resources and net position	\$ 147,000,591	25,333,835	934,195	173,268,621	5,520,938

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CARLSBAD

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Bus	iness - Type Activitie	es - Enterprise Funds		Governmental
	Joint Water	Solid			Activities
	and Sewer	Waste	Non-Major		Internal
	Fund	Fund	Enterprise		Service
	(700)	(720)	Funds	Total	Funds
Operating revenues					
Charges for services	14,058,129	7,762,729	1,435,314	23,256,172	6,420,236
Operating expenses					
Personnel services	4,604,089	1,923,985	-	6,528,074	-
Utilities	1,064,246	897	9,441	1,074,584	=
Contractual services	312,326	170,891	97,635	580,852	=
Repairs and maintenance	989,105	610,501	-	1,599,606	=
Insurance claims and expenses	-	-	-	-	6,991,719
Other supplies and expenses	719,359	2,692,400	504,783	3,916,542	-
Depreciation and amortization	5,748,315	894,972	<u>-</u>	6,643,287	=_
Total operating expenses	13,437,440	6,293,646	611,859	20,342,945	6,991,719
Operating income (loss)	620,689	1,469,083	823,455	2,913,227	(571,483)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Gross receipts taxes	-	1,388,568	-	1,388,568	-
Intergovernmental - federal	102,384	-	-	102,384	-
Intergovernmental - state and local	966,683	111,000	-	1,077,683	_
Investment income	261,065	77,610	-	338,675	24,905
Miscellaneous	3,734	17,468	8,790	29,992	98,878
Gain/(loss) on sale of assets	(244,488)	28,390	-	(216,098)	-
Interest expense	(399,244)	(35)	-	(399,279)	-
Total non-operating				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
revenue (expenses)	690,134	1,623,001	8,790	2,321,925	123,783
Income (loss) before capital					
contributions and transfers	1,310,823	3,092,084	832,245	5,235,152	(447,700)
Capital contributions, transfers, and extraordi	nary items				
Transfers in	12,946,708	1,169,558	50,000	14,166,266	2,250,000
Transfers (out)	(732,577)	(1,506,363)	-	(2,238,940)	(1,534,945)
Extraordinary expense-brine well					
remediation	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-	(1,500,000)
Total capital contributions, transfers				·	
and extraordinary items	12,214,131	(336,805)	50,000	11,927,326	(784,945)
Change in net position	13,524,954	2,755,279	882,245	17,162,478	(1,232,645)
Net position, beginning of year	95,933,265	18,676,484	12,934	114,622,683	6,707,565
Restatements (Note 21)	33,978	-	-	33,978	-
Net position, beginning of year, restated	95,967,243	18,676,484	12,934	114,656,661	6,707,565
Net position, end of year	109,492,197	21,431,763	895,179	131,819,139	5,474,920

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Busin	Governmental			
	_	Joint Water	Solid	•		Activities
		and Sewer	Waste	Non-Major		Internal
		Fund	Fund	Enterprise		Service
		(700)	(720)	Funds	Total	Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	-	(100)	(120)	Tulius	Total	T ullus
Cash received from customers	\$	13,217,013	7,709,262	1,410,078	22,336,353	_
Internal activity - receipts from other funds	Φ	13,217,013	1,109,202	1,410,078	22,330,333	6 260 601
•		(2,000,404)	(2.467.200)	(642 515)	(6.700.270)	6,268,681
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(2,689,484)	(3,467,280)	(642,515)	(6,799,279)	(6,000,500)
Cash payments to employees for services	_	(4,872,734)	(2,022,104)		(6,894,838)	(6,982,589)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		5,654,795	2,219,878	767,563	8,642,236	(713,908)
Cash flows for non-capital and financing activities						
Cash received from gross receipts taxes		-	1,388,568	-	1,388,568	_
Utility deposit and miscellaneous receipts		1,072,801	128,468	8,790	1,210,059	98,878
Net transfers in (out)		12,214,131	(336,805)	50,000	11,927,326	(784,945)
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital and related	_		<u> </u>			
financing activities		13,286,932	1,180,231	58,790	14,525,953	(686,067)
-		,,	_,,	,	,,	(,,
Cash flows for capital and financing activities						
Acquisition of capital assets		(4,948,262)	(2,152,965)	-	(7,101,227)	-
Cash from disposition of capital assets		23,496	38,560	-	62,056	-
Transfers in/out of capital assets		45,952	-	-	45,952	-
Principal payments on capital debt		(1,650,763)	(1,841)	-	(1,652,604)	-
Interest on capital debt		(399,244)	(35)	-	(399,279)	=
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(6,928,821)	(2,116,281)	-	(9,045,102)	
Cash flows from investing activities						
Investment income	_	261,065	77,610		338,675	24,905
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	_	261,065	77,610		338,675	24,905
Net increase (decrease) in cash		12,273,971	1,361,438	826,353	14,461,762	(1,375,070)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		21,165,116	17,197,527	15,163	38,377,806	6,697,815
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	33,439,087	18,558,965	841,516	52,839,568	5,322,745
·	=					
Displayed as						
Cash	\$	14,370,223	14,586,770	841,516	29,798,509	4,311,210
Restricted cash		18,828,000	3,972,195	-	22,800,195	1,011,535
Restricted cash held be fiscal agent	_	240,864			240,864	
Total cash	\$_	33,439,087	18,558,965	841,516	52,839,568	5,322,745
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	620,689	1,469,083	823,455	2,913,227	(571,483)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net	Ψ	020,009	1,409,003	023,433	2,913,221	(371,403)
· -						
cash provided by operating activities:		5 740 01 F	004.070		6 6 4 2 0 2 7	
Depreciation and amortization		5,748,315	894,972	-	6,643,287	-
Landfill closure & post closure liability		-	60,237	-	60,237	-
Pension expense		179,863	63,481	-	243,344	-
OPEB expense/revenue		(314,917)	(111,147)	=	(426,064)	=
Change in assets and liabilities:						
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(841,116)	(53,467)	(25,236)	(919,819)	(185,509)
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(135,849)	-	(34,436)	(170,285)	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		531,401	(52,828)	(1,423)	477,150	43,084
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries		(142,155)	(55,007)	-	(197,162)	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		4,141	-	5,203	9,344	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		4,423	4,554	=	8,977	
Total adjustments	_	5,034,106	750,795	(55,892)	5,729,009	(142,425)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	5,654,795	2,219,878	767,563	8,642,236	(713,908)
	=					

See independent auditor's report.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

		Custodial	
	_	Funds	
Assets	_		
Cash	\$	115,741	
Receivables	_	5,229	
Total assets	\$	120,970	
	_		
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$_	51	
Total liabilities	_	51	
Net position			
Restricted for:			
Individuals, other governments		120,919	
Total net position	\$	120,919	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Custodial Funds
Additions	_	
Fees	\$	108,818
Total additions	_	108,818
Deductions		
Insurance		2,121
Professional contracts		68,054
Fee payments		13,201
Total deductions	_	83,376
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		25,442
Net position, beginning		90,995
Restatement (Note 21)		4,482
Net position, beginning-restated		95,477
Net position, ending	\$	120,919

NOTE 1. ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Carlsbad (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The significant accounting policies of the City are described below.

Recently Issued and Adopted Accounting Standards

In March 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 94 (GASB 94), *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of GASB 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). GASB 94 is effective for the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. There was no material impact to the City's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023 as a result of adopting GASB 94.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96 (GASB 96), Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), which is effective for the year ended June 30, 2023. GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). GASB 96 defines an SBITA, establishes that an SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (an intangible asset) and a corresponding subscription liability, provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments (including implementation costs of an SBITA), and requires note disclosures regarding an SBITA. The City adopted GASB 96 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Carlsbad, established on March 25, 1918, is a political subdivision of the state of New Mexico, and operates under the mayor-council form of government. The City provides the following authorized services: public safety (police and fire), public works, water, sanitation, health and welfare, social services, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The City's basic financial statements include all activities and accounts of the City's financial reporting entity.

The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, and any other organization for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the notion of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens, on the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it.

A primary government has the ability to impose its will on an organization if it can significantly influence the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization. A financial benefit or burden relationship exists if the primary government (a) is entitled to the organization's resources; (b) is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the obligation to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (c) is obligated in some manner for the debt of the organization. Based on this criterion, there are no component units of the City.

The City entered into a partnership with the Eddy-Lea Energy Alliance (ELEA) which combines City of Carlsbad, City of Hobbs, Eddy County and Lea County, to jointly develop a proposal for a technology- demonstration program to be undertaken by the United States Department of Energy in support of the Global Nuclear Energy Partnership. The City performs fiduciary and administrative services for ELEA. The financial responsibility is split equally between the four entities involved. While the City has a presence on the ELEA board, they do not have a majority vote and do not have the ability to exercise oversight responsibility. Therefore, this entity does not meet the requirements to be presented as a component unit of the City.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements—The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from the business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis

of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange-like transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function category (general government, public safety, etc.) or activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity, 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or activity, and 3) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The net cost (by function of governmental-type activity) is normally covered by general revenues (property, sales, franchise, public service taxes, interest income, etc.) The City does not allocate indirect costs. Depreciation and amortization expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term obligations is considered indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Separate fund based financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. GASB 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of either fund category for the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. The non-major funds are detailed in the combining section of the statements.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. The focus of the fund financial statements is on the major individual funds of the governmental and business-type categories. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared to enhance the usefulness of the information.

C. Measurement Focus. Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Preparation

Government-Wide Financial Statements—The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year to which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements—Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balance of financial resources) rather than upon net income. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available as follows: grant revenue, if they are collected within 12 months of the end of the current fiscal period, all other revenue, if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Generally, intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met, and the revenues are available. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is made.

Property, franchise, sales, and public service tax revenues associated with the current fiscal period are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Licenses and permits, charges for services, fine and forfeitures, contributions, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenues when received in cash, as the resulting receivable is immaterial. Investment earnings are recorded as earned since they are measurable and available. In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance.

There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended for the specific purpose or project before any amounts are paid to the City; therefore, revenues

are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed compliance requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Business-type activities, and all proprietary funds, are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases and decreases (e.g., revenues and expenses) in net total assets.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following proprietary fund type:

Enterprise funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of the net revenues. The activities reported in these funds are reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the City's governmental activities, the financial statement of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements

because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The statements of fiduciary activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The statement of fiduciary net position reports assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position of custodial funds. The statement of changes in fiduciary net position is used to report additions and deductions from the City's custodial funds. The City has no pension, employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose funds.

The City reports the following Major Governmental Fund:

The *General Fund* (101, 102) is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are provided through property, sales and other taxes, federal sources, state sources, charges for services, licenses and fees, and other miscellaneous recoveries and revenues. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operation of the City, except for items included in other funds.

The City reports the following major business-type funds:

The *Joint Water and Sewer Fund* (700) accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, billing, and collection.

The *Solid Waste Fund* (720) is used to account for the provisions of solid waste disposal for the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

The City maintains other individual governmental funds that are considered non-major funds and which are classified as special revenue funds, capital project funds, and debt service funds.

A description of each non-major governmental fund is as follows:

Special Revenue Funds

The Airport Fund (202) accounts for the operating and maintenance of the airport. Financing is provided by federal, state, and county grants. The fund is authorized by city council and is required by federal grants for segregating interest earned and for auditing purposes.

The *Sports Complex Fund* (300) accounts for the operation of the City's sports complex. Financing is provided from infrastructure gross receipts tax revenues. The fund is authorized by city council.

The *Local Government Corrections Fund* (350) accounts for the fees collected by the municipal judge, which are legally restricted to expenditure for jail related costs. The fund was established by local ordinance in order to comply with Section 35-14-11, NMSA 1978.

The Cannabis Revenue Fund (360) accounts for cannabis revenues and regulated expenditures in accordance with the New Mexico Cannabis Regulation Act.

The Fire Protection Fund (500) accounts for proceeds of the state fire allotment and the related expenditures for public safety. New Mexico state law requires these funds be used to help maintain the fire department. The fund was established by local ordinance and in accordance with Section 59A-53-I, of the New Mexico State Insurance Code. Section 59A-53-8 of the code restricts the use of the funds for only the maintenance of the City's fire department.

The Emergency Medical Services Fund (501) accounts for the state emergency medical services grant, to be used for specific medical services provided through fire department activities. This state grant comes through the New Mexico Department of Health per EMS regulation DOH 94-11. The fund was created by local ordinance. Section 24-IOA-IO, NMSA 1978 provides funds to municipalities for use in the establishment and enhancement of local emergency medical services. Section 24-IOA-7, NMSA 1978 restricts expenditures from the fund for only emergency medical services.

The Law Enforcement Protection Fund (520) accounts for the state grant to be used for the repair and/or replacement of law enforcement equipment, according to state law, Section 29-13.1 through 29-13.9, NMSA 1978. The fund was established by local ordinance to comply

with state statutes. Section 29-13-17A, NMSA 1978 limits distributions from the fund for law enforcement related expenditures, including, but not limited to, the purchase of equipment, expenses associated with advanced law enforcement planning, and training.

The *Municipal Transit Fund* (570) accounts for the receipts and disbursements of the City's transportation services. Financing is provided from federal and state grants, and customer receipts. The fund is authorized by city council and required by federal grantors for segregating interest earned and for auditing purposes.

The Community Development Fund (580) accounts for funds received for community development and improvements funded under New Mexico Community Development Block Grants pursuant to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Title I grant. The fund is authorized by city council.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Fund (590) accounts for funds received in connection with the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds.

The *Lodgers' Tax Fund* (600, 650, 680) accounts for funds received from a special local lodgers' tax that is to be used for promotion of the City. The fund was established by local ordinance authorized by Section 3-38-13 through 3-38-24, NMSA 1978. Section 3-38-IS(E), NMSA 1978, restricts the use of the tax for advertising, publicizing and promoting, establishing and operating tourist-related attractions, facilities, and events.

<u>Capital Project Funds</u>

The *GRT Capital Outlay Fund* (200), is a capital projects fund that accounts for receipts and disbursements and gross receipts taxes for capital outlay projects. The fund is authorized by city council.

The CIEP Fund (201) accounts for the financing and acquisition of capital improvements and equipment purchases for the City. Financing is provided from the General Fund. The fund is authorized by city council.

The Street System Improvement Fund (320) accounts for funds receipts and disbursements for City street improvements and maintenance. Financing is provided from motor vehicle fees and state and county grants. The authority for the fund is given by section 7-1-6.27, NMSA and the City's ordinance number 389.

The *Beautification Fund* (550) accounts for the receipts and disbursements to build and improve parks within the City. Financing is provided from state grants. The fund is authorized by city council.

Debt Service Funds

The *GRT Capital Outlay Fund* (802) accounts for the receipts and disbursements for the payment of the 2009 revenue bonds. Financing is provided by gross receipts taxes collected in the GRT capital outlay fund. The fund is authorized by city council and is in conformance with bond covenants.

The NM Finance Authority Loan Fund (820) accounts for the receipts and disbursements for the repayment of loans to the New Mexico Finance Authority recorded as governmental activities. Transfers from fire protection and sports complex funds provide reserves to reduce loan obligations. The fund is authorized by city council and is in conformance with loan covenants.

The City maintains two individual fiduciary funds, which all are classified as custodial funds. A description of each fund is as follows:

The Municipal Court Bond Trust Fund (920) accounts for monies held in trust by the municipal judge to reduce court fines, costs, and administrative fees. Any unused funds available after the reduction of fines and fees are returned to the defendant.

The Eddy-Lea Energy Alliance (980) accounts for monies held in trust and administered on behalf of the Eddy-Lea Energy Alliance, which operates under a joint powers agreement entered into by the Lea County and Eddy County, with the support of the cities of Hobbs and Carlsbad.

The City maintains individual enterprise funds that are considered non-major funds. Descriptions of the non-major funds are as follows:

The Museum Gift Shop Fund (750) accounts for the receipts and disbursements of the operations of the museum gift shop. The fund is authorized by city council.

The Golf Pro Shop Fund (790) accounts for the receipts and disbursements of the operations of the golf pro shop. The fund is authorized by city council.

The City maintains three individual internal service funds. A description of each fund is as follows:

The *General Insurance Fund* (401, 402) accounts for the cost of providing insurance and worker's compensation coverage and liability claims against the City. Such costs are billed to the other departments at actual cost.

The *Group Health Insurance Fund* (420) accounts for the cost of providing group health benefits to City employees. The costs are billed to employees and various departments based on a minimum premium plan for eligible participants.

The *Disaster Preparedness Fund* (400) accounts for unforeseen disasters such as natural disasters, emergency evacuations of citizens, and other disaster situations where the City would be required to spend funds immediately without the guarantee of future reimbursement.

D. Budgets

Budgets for all funds are prepared by management and approved by the City Council and the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration. The City administrator is responsible for preparing the budget from requests submitted by department heads.

The appropriated budget is prepared by line item within object class, program, department, and fund; revenues expected to be available are estimated to provide for balanced budgeting. The comprehensive budget package is brought before the City council for approval by resolution.

The proposed budget is then submitted by June 1 to the New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration Local Government Division (DFA) for approval. DFA certifies a pending budget by July 1st with final certification of the budget by the first Monday of September. The expenditure section of the budget, once adopted, is legally binding. Based on the final certified budget submitted, DFA certifies the allowable tax rates for property taxes in September.

These budgets are prepared on the non-GAAP cash basis, excludes encumbrances, and secure appropriation of funds for only one year. Carryover funds are re-appropriated in the budget of the subsequent fiscal year. The budget process in the state of New Mexico requires that the beginning cash balance be utilized to fund deficit budgets appropriated in the budget of the

subsequent fiscal year. Such appropriated balance is presented as a committed portion of fund balance.

Actual expenditures may not exceed the budget on a fund basis. Budgets may be amended in two ways. If a budget transfer is necessary within a fund, this may be accomplished with only local council approval. If a transfer between "funds" or a budget increase is required, approval must be obtained from the Department of Finance and Administration. The budgetary information presented in these financial statements has been amended in accordance with the above procedures.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position

Deposits and Investments

Investments in the City's cash and certificates of deposit are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. All other investments are carried at fair market value using quoted market prices. Interest income, realized gains and losses on investment transactions, and amortization of premiums/discounts on investment purchases are included for financial statement purposes as investment income and are allocated to participating funds based on the specific identification of the source of funds for a given investment.

<u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

Activity between funds, that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, is referred to as interfund balance. Long-term advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, as nonspendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Lease Receivables

The City's lease receivables are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreement, the City may receive variable lease payments that are dependent upon the lessee's revenue. The variable payments are recorded as an inflow of resources in the period the payment is received.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease

receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Inventory

Proprietary fund inventories are recorded at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis, and consist of operating supplies held for use in operations and are recorded as an expense when consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The City had no prepaid items as of June 30, 2023.

Restricted Assets

Certain long-term assets are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited to payments for debt service or other purposes such as deposits held in trust for others.

Expendable Endowment

The Permanent Water and Sewer Expendable Endowment Fund is a trust and fiduciary fund associated with and presented as part of the Joint Water and Sewer enterprise fund. It is authorized by City Ordinance Chapter 52, Article I. The original principal for this fund came from the sale of water rights at the Harroun Farm. The revenue source is from interest on investments held in a trust account or certificates of deposit. This fund can transfer money to the Sewer System Improvement Fund or the Joint Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund for financing, acquisition, and upgrades of sewer system and water system facilities within the City. Expenditures from this fund are restricted to water and sewer system acquisition and improvements. In addition, only the investment earnings can be spent annually; the principal corpus cannot be spent unless approved by a vote of the citizens. Any investment earnings not spent each year, reverts to the principal corpus of the fund.

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund balance as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the

appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related costs as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets

Property, plant, and equipment purchased or acquired is carried at historical cost or estimated cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the time received. Purchased computer software is recorded at historical cost. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost or donated value of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Infrastructure capital assets consisting of roads, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems have been recorded at estimated historical cost. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Classification	Years
Buildings and building improvements	10-50
Public domain infrastructure	25
Utility system and facilities	40
Machinery, equipment & vehicles	5-10

Right-to-Use Leased Assets

The City has recorded right-to-use leased assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. Lease payables are capitalized as a right-to-use asset when the leased asset has a cost of \$25,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Right-to-use leased assets are recorded at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term plus any upfront payments and ancillary charges paid to place the leased asset in service. Amortization for right-to-use leased assets is computed using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the asset's estimated useful life.

Intangible Assets - Right-to-Use Subscription Assets

The City has recorded right-to-use subscription assets as a result of implementing GASB 96. Subscription liabilities are capitalized as a right-to-use asset when the subscription asset has a calculated present value of \$25,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of more than one

year. Right-to-use subscription assets are recorded at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term plus any upfront payments and ancillary charges paid to place the subscription asset in service. Amortization for right-to-use subscription assets is computed using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription term or the asset's estimated useful life.

Vacation Pay

Employees of the City may accrue a total of ten to thirty days of vacation per year. A maximum of seventy-five days may be accumulated for managers. A maximum of fifty days of vacation may be accumulated for administration employees compensated on an hourly basis. Union employees (USW, CPOA, & IBEW) compensated on an hourly basis may accumulate up to forty-five days of vacation, while IAFF employees may accumulate up to thirty days of vacation. Executive officers may accrue thirty-one and a half days of paid time off per year with no maximum accumulation. All vacation and time off compensation are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability is reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds classified as compensated absences.

Sick Leave

Appointed officers do not accrue sick leave. Executive officers and those employees compensated on an hourly basis may accumulate a total of twelve days of sick leave per year. If the employee has qualified to retire under the state retirement program, employees are paid for one-third portion of the accumulated sick leave on their last day of service to the City. Accordingly, the one-third portion of the sick leave earned is accrued on the government-wide and proprietary fund financials statements. If the employee has not qualified to retire under the state retirement program, employees are not paid for the accumulated sick leave upon termination.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA) and additions to and deductions from NMRHCA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by NMRHCA. For this purpose, NMRHCA recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet for the governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet for the governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue.

Unavailable Revenue

The City reports unavailable revenue on its financial statements. When resources are received in advance of charges for services being earned, or in advance of any eligibility requirement, other than a time requirement being met for government-mandated or voluntary nonexchange transactions (i.e. for intergovernmental revenues), a liability is reported for the unavailable revenue.

The taxes receivable are an aggregate of uncollected amounts assessed for the current fiscal year, as well as delinquent balances carried forward from the nine preceding fiscal years. Except for taxes received in advance or under protest, tax revenue received is distributed within thirty days to other local governmental units and county funds. While some of the delinquent outstanding balances will eventually be eliminated through corrections, litigation, and other property tax administrative procedures, the majority of the balances will ultimately be realized through delinquent payment or tax sales. The aggregate amount of this ultimate realization is generally difficult to ascertain at any point in time. Thus, taxes not collected within sixty days

of the official year end are carried in the liability section of the balance sheet as deferred inflows of resources on the fund basis financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities within the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds, using the effective interest method Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expense in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as, bond issuance costs, during the year of issuance. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as follows:

Net investment in capital assets—This category reflects the portion of net position that are associated with capital assets less outstanding capital asset related debt and obligations.

Restricted net position—This category reflects the portion of net position that has third party limitations on their use.

Unrestricted net position—This category reflects net position of the City, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Governmental Fund Balance Reservation and Designations

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form such as prepaid items, leases receivable in excess of

deferred inflow of resources, or inventories; or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance—This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance—These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the City Council - the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council removes the specified use by taking the same type of action imposing the commitment This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance—This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the City's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance—This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. The classification is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned—in order as needed.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration (DFA) requires that 1/12 of the 2023 budgets expenditures in the General Fund be restricted as subsequent-year expenditures to

provide adequate cash reserves. The City follows this requirement in order to minimize any sudden and unplanned discontinuity to programs and operations and for unforeseen contingencies.

F. Other Matters

Cash Flows

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted cash with maturity of three months or less, to be cash equivalents.

Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the City's financial statements include management's estimate of the following:

- estimated useful lives of capital assets,
- calculations of compensated absences,
- landfill closure and post-closure care costs,
- inputs and methods related to calculating right-to-use assets and related liabilities,
- inputs and methods related to pension and OPEB unfunded balances and activity.

NOTE 2. CASH AND DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

New Mexico state statutes provide authoritative guidance regarding the deposit of cash and idle cash. Deposits of funds may be made in interest or non-interest-bearing checking accounts in one or more bank or savings and loan associations within the geographical boundaries of the City. Deposits may be made to the extent that they are insured by an agency of the United States of America or by collateral deposited as security or by bond given by the financial institution. The rate of interest in non-demand interest-bearing accounts shall be set by the state Board of Finance, but in no case shall the rate of interest be less than one hundred percent of the asked price on United States treasury bills of the same maturity on the day of deposit.

Idle cash may be invested in a wide variety of instruments, including money market accounts, certificates of deposit, the New Mexico State Treasurer's investment pool, or in securities which are issued by the state or by the United States government, or by their departments or agencies, and which are either direct obligations of the state or the United States, or are backed by the full faith and credit of those governments.

<u>Cash Deposited with Financial Institutions</u>

The City maintains cash in three financial institutions within Carlsbad, New Mexico as well as cash held by NMFA. The City's deposits are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

As of June 30, 2023, the amount of cash reported on the financial statements differs from the amount on deposit with the various institutions because of transactions in transit and outstanding checks.

The locations and amounts deposited are as follows:

		Per	Reconciling	Per Financial
		Institution	Items	Statements
Cash on hand	\$	9,750	-	9,750
Carlsbad National Bank		42,490,488	(831,891)	41,658,597
Wells Fargo Bank		69,944,980	(1,108,421)	68,836,559
Western Commerce Bank		7,297,184	(186,806)	7,110,378
Cash held by NMFA	_	240,864		240,864
Total	\$	119,983,266	(2,127,118)	117,856,148

The amounts reported as cash for the government within the financial statements is displayed as:

Statement of Net Position		Amount
Cash	\$	93,637,303
Restricted		23,862,240
Restricted - held by NMFA	_	240,864
Total		117,740,407
Custodial funds	_	115,741
Total cash	\$_	117,856,148

Except for items in transit, the carrying value of deposits by the respective depositories equated to the carrying value by the City. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities, as described by New Mexico State Statute, in amounts equal to at least 50% of the City carrying value of the deposits (demand and certificates of deposit). Such collateral, as permitted by the state statutes is held in each respective depository bank's collateral pool at a Federal Reserve Bank, or member bank other than the depository bank, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a

pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds with the exception of deposit insurance provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

	Carlsbad		Western
	National	Wells Fargo	Commerce
	Bank	Bank, N.A.	Bank
Total deposits in bank	\$ 42,490,488	69,944,980	7,297,184
Less FDIC coverage	(250,000)	(250,000)	(500,000)
Uninsured public funds	42,240,488	69,694,980	6,797,184
Pledged collateral held by pledging bank's trust, but not in the City's name	22,939,561	35,078,780	6,305,883
Uninsured and uncollateralized public			
funds	19,300,927	34,616,200	491,301
Total pledged collateral	22,939,561	35,078,780	6,305,883
50% pledged collateral requirement per state statute	21,120,244	34,847,490	3,398,592
Pledged collateral (under) over the			
requirements	\$ 1,819,317	231,290	2,907,291

A detailed listing of the pledged collateral is contained in the other supplementary financial information section of this report.

Demand deposits, time deposits, savings deposits and interest-bearing money market accounts at a public unit in an institution in the same state are insured up to \$250,000.

Custodial Credit Risk Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it.

As of June 30, 2023, \$118,732,652 of the City's bank balance of \$119,732,652 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

	Carlsbad		Western
	National	Wells Fargo	Commerce
	Bank	Bank, N.A.	Bank
Uninsured and collateralized held by			
pledging bank's trust dept. or agent not			
in the City name	\$ 42,240,488	69,694,980	6,797,184

NOTE 3. RESTRICTED CASH HELD BY FISCAL AGENT

The City has entered into various loan agreements with the New Mexico Finance Authority. As required by the loan agreements, any unexpended loan proceeds are maintained by NMFA until needed by the City. Additionally, the City is required to set aside reserve amounts for the debt obligations. As of June 30, 2023, NMFA held \$240,864.

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NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Types of Receivables		Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Internal Service Activities	Totals
Accounts receivable					
Charges for services	\$	642,644	2,196,184	-	2,838,828
Other		390,513	28,295	198,193	617,001
Allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(172,022)	(314,802)		(486,824)
Total		861,135	1,909,677	198,193	2,969,005
Taxes receivable					
Gross receipts taxes		13,234,064	252,448	-	13,486,512
Franchise taxes		118,793	-	-	118,793
Property taxes		430,413	-	-	430,413
Lodgers' taxes		410,241	-	-	410,241
Other taxes		138,749	-	-	138,749
Allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(8,608)			(8,608)
Total		14,323,652	252,448	-	14,576,100
Intergovernmental receivables					
Federal		1,393,416	-	-	1,393,416
State		1,172,559	-	-	1,172,559
Local	_		605,128		605,128
Total		2,565,975	605,128	-	3,171,103
Receivables, net	_	17,750,762	2,767,253	198,193	20,716,208
Leases receivable	_	915,718			915,718
Total receivables	\$_	18,666,480	2,767,253	198,193	21,631,926

The City's policy is to provide for uncollectible accounts based upon expected defaults.

Leases Receivable

The City entered into multiple building leases. The City's lessor leasing arrangements at June 30, 2023 are summarized below (excluding short-term leases):

		Lease Receivable Balance		Current	Number of Lease	Lease	Interest
	J	une 30, 2023		Portion	Contracts	Terms*	Rates
Governmental Activities	_						
Lessor							
Buildings	\$	915,719 \$	<u> </u>	66,238	4	2-27 years	0.50% - 1.75%
Total leases receivable	\$	915,719	_	66,238			

^{*}The lease terms represent the range of remaining terms in each lease.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized the following lease income and interest earned on leases:

Governmental Activities	 2023
Lease income	\$ 72,261
Lease interest	\$ 14,403

The future minimum lease receipts of these leases in governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Year Ending		Principal	Interest	
June 30,		Reduction	income	Total
2024	\$	66,238	13,815	80,053
2025		66,225	13,143	79,368
2026		56,804	12,527	69,331
2027		29,590	12,010	41,600
2028		30,025	11,575	41,600
2029-2033		132,851	50,882	183,733
2034-2038		140,930	39,070	180,000
Thereafter	_	393,056	38,945	432,001
	\$	915,719	191,967	1,107,686

NOTE 5. REGULATED LEASES

Certain leases are subject to external laws, regulations, and legal rulings and are not subject to paragraphs 44-59 of GASB 87. Leases regulated by the Federal Aviation Administration between

airports and air carriers fall under this classification. The City has several leases that are considered to be regulated leases under this definition. Regulated lessors recognize inflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the lease contract.

As of June 30, 2023, the City had at least six active regulated leases which allowed use of hangars and access to the runway, or tower. Use of the hangars are exclusive under these agreements, but runway and tower access are not.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized the following in lease income on regulated airport leases:

During the year, the City did not recognize any variable payment amounts and no debt is secured by these lease payments.

The future minimum lease payments under these agreements in government-type activities as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Regulated
	Airport
	Leases
2024	\$ 16,946
2025	15,626
2026	15,699
2027	15,939
2028	16,247
2029-2033	72,050
2034-2038	73,172
2039-2043	76,909
2044-2048	80,633
2049-2053	43,201
	\$ 426,422

NOTE 6. PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1st. Property tax rates for the year are set no later than September 1st each year by the New Mexico Secretary of Finance and Administration. The rate of tax are then used by the Eddy County Assessor to develop the property tax schedule by October 1" The Eddy County Treasurer sends tax notices to property owners by November 1st of each year. Taxes are payable in equal semiannual installments by November 10th and April 10th of the subsequent year. Thirty days later the bill becomes delinquent and the county treasurer assesses penalties and interest. Taxes are collected on behalf of the City by the county treasurer and are remitted to the City in the month following collection. The county treasurer is statutorily required to collect taxes as an intermediary agency for all forms of government. Distribution of taxes collected is made through the county treasurer's office.

The City is permitted to levy taxes for general operating purposes up to an amount determined by a formula based upon each \$1,000 of taxable value for both residential and nonresidential property, taxable value being defined as one third of the fully assessed value. In addition, the City is allowed to levy taxes for payments of bonds principal and interest in amounts approved by voters of the City. The City's total tax rate to finance general government services for the year 2023, was 6.225 per \$1,000 for non-residential and 4.744 for residential property.

NOTE 7. BAD DEBT EXPENSE

Governmental Activities

During the current fiscal year, the City recorded an allowance on all receivables related to ambulance fees over 180 days, as well as an additional charge of 1%, which amounted to \$172,022 in total. Ambulance fees are reflected as public safety charges for services in the government-wide statement of activities and charges for services within the general fund.

Business-Type Activities

During the current fiscal year, the City's policy has been to record and allowance of 15% of sales. Total allowance as of June 30, 2023, is \$314,802.

NOTE 8. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, including right-to-use leased and subscription assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Balance	A 1 1515	5.1	Transfers &	Balance
Governmental Activities	2022	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	2023
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	h 0.000.540	20.004			0.000.070
	2,062,549	36,824	-	-	2,099,373
Construction in progress	1,258,533	168,441		(1,248,839)	178,135
Total non-depreciable capital assets	3,321,082	205,265	-	(1,248,839)	2,277,508
Capital Assets Being Depreciated					
Buildings	93,781,262	2,341,163	(13,521)	738,944	96,847,848
Improvements	4,632,339	1,221,531	(116,424)	-	5,737,446
Infrastructure	121,512,398	7,523,724	(4,945,023)	-	124,091,099
Machinery, equipment & vehicles	35,834,960	4,961,711	(2,308,505)	526,747	39,014,913
Total capital assets being depreciated	255,760,959	16,048,129	(7,383,473)	1,265,691	265,691,306
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:					
Buildings	(42,928,520)	(3,364,441)	13,521	13,037	(46,266,403)
Improvements	(1,330,183)	(627,527)	92,186	-	(1,865,524)
Infrastructure	(51,903,092)	(5,008,246)	4,834,468	-	(52,076,870)
Machinery, equipment & vehicles	(24,496,666)	(2,557,091)	2,138,590	(75,841)	(24,991,008)
Total accumulated depreciation	(120,658,461)	(11,557,305)	7,078,765	(62,804)	(125,199,805)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	135,102,498	4,490,824	(304,708)	1,202,887	140,491,501
Amortizable right-to-use assets					
Leased equipment	1,070,022	-	-	-	1,070,022
Subscription assets		704,435			704,435
Total amortizable assets	1,070,022	704,435	-	-	1,774,457
Less accumulated amortization					
Leased equipment	(221,200)	(337,627)	-	-	(558,827)
Subscription assets	-	(331,566)	-	-	(331,566)
Total accumulated amortization	(221,200)	(669,193)	_	-	(890,393)
Total amortizable assets being amortized, net	848,822	35,242			884,064
Total capital assets, net of depreciation and					
	139,272,402	4,731,331	(304,708)	(45,952)	143,653,073

		Balance			Transfers &	Balance
Business-type Activities		2022	 Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	2023
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets						
Land and water rights	\$	1,317,586	15,530	-	-	1,333,116
Construction in progress	_	3,115	 816,040			819,155
Total non-depreciable capital assets		1,320,701	831,570	-	-	2,152,271
Capital Assets Being Depreciated						
Buildings and improvements		44,838,476	149,165	(719,601)	3,442,825	47,710,865
Machinery, equipment & vehicles		21,316,873	2,894,453	(926,130)	(75,841)	23,209,355
Utility system & facility	_	110,125,494	 3,168,115	(14,819)	(3,383,836)	109,894,954
Total capital assets being depreciated		176,280,843	6,211,733	(1,660,550)	(16,852)	180,815,174
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:						
Buildings and improvements		(24,534,660)	(1,870,535)	445,299	(1,070,725)	(27,030,621)
Utility system & facility		(24,869,086)	(3,043,852)	14,819	1,057,688	(26,840,431)
Machinery, equipment & vehicles	_	(13,823,797)	 (1,718,989)	922,277	75,841	(14,544,668)
Total accumulated depreciation	_	(63,227,543)	 (6,633,376)	1,382,395	62,804	(68,415,720)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		113,053,300	(421,643)	(278,155)	45,952	112,399,454
Amortizable right-to-use assets						
Leased equipment	_	134,628	 			134,628
Total amortizable assets		134,628	-	-	-	134,628
Less accumulated amortization						
Leased equipment	_	(8,212)	 (9,911)			(18,123)
Total accumulated amortization	_	(8,212)	 (9,911)			(18,123)
Total amortizable assets being amortized, net	_	126,416	(9,911)			116,505
Total capital assets, net of depreciation and						
amortization	\$_	114,500,417	 400,016	(278,155)	45,952	114,668,230

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Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions (programs) and funds as follows:

Governmental activities	_	
General Government	\$	1,104,192
Public Safety		1,759,191
Public Works		5,308,446
Culture & Recreation		3,910,696
Health & Welfare		141,818
Economic Development	_	2,155
Total	\$	12,226,498
Business-type activities	_	
Solid Waste	\$	894,972
Joint Water and Sewer		5,748,315
Total	\$	6,643,287

NOTE 9. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

			Business
	Go	vernmental	Type
Description		Activities	Activities
State tax payable	\$	133,711	87,768
Court related fees		4,657	
Total	\$	138,368	87,768

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Changes in governmental activities obligations during the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Amounts Due Within
Governmental Activities		2022	Additions	Retirements	2023	One Year
Lease liability	\$	850,621	-	(333,661)	516,960	306,826
Subscription liability		-	704,435	(249,919)	454,516	256,672
Compensated absences		2,002,235	1,726,910	(1,732,657)	1,996,488	763,472
Net pension liability		47,987,707	20,778,620	(3,392,339)	65,373,988	-
Net OPEB liability	_	17,998,531		(5,680,764)	12,317,767	
Total	\$_	68,839,094	23,209,965	(11,389,340)	80,659,719	1,326,970

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Business-Type Activities

Changes in the business-type activities obligations during the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due Within
Business-Type Activities	 2022	Additions	Retirements	2023	One-Year
Notes payable	\$ 28,321,260	-	(1,644,773)	26,676,487	1,668,362
Lease liability	128,673	-	(7,829)	120,844	8,039
Landfill closure	495,865	60,237	-	556,102	-
Compensated absences	304,885	329,291	(320,314)	313,862	121,593
Net pension liability	5,988,747	2,699,664	(440,813)	8,247,598	-
Net OPEB liability	2,338,792		(738,179)	1,600,613	
Total	\$ 37,578,222	3,089,192	(3,151,908)	37,515,506	1,797,994

NMED—Note Payable—Wastewater Utility System Improvements

On April 29, 2010, the City entered into a clean water state revolving loan agreement with the New Mexico Environment Department, with a total maximum amount of \$18,000,000. The proceeds of the loan agreement will be used for improvements to the City's wastewater utility system. During FY21, the City refinanced this loan at an annual interest rate of 1.0% and a maturity date of September 29, 2037. The payments of principal and interest will be paid with net revenues from the City's water and wastewater utility system activities, which was approximately \$14 million for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The annual requirements to amortize this note outstanding as of June 30, 2023, including interest payments, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 939,975	150,412	1,090,387
2025	949,374	141,013	1,090,387
2026	958,868	131,519	1,090,387
2027	968,457	121,930	1,090,387
2028	978,141	112,246	1,090,387
2029-2033	5,039,399	412,538	5,451,937
2034-2038	5,207,058	155,478	5,362,536
Total	\$ 15,041,272	1,225,136	16,266,408

NMFA # 11—Note Payable—Drinking Water Loan

On November 22, 2013, the City entered into a drinking water state revolving loan fund agreement with the New Mexico Finance Authority, with a total amount of \$20,200,000 of which the loan portion of the agreement is a maximum of \$16,151,670. The note is for twenty years and accrues interest at 2.00% per annum. The proceeds of the loan agreement will be used for improvements to the City's Double Eagle water line system. The payments of principal and interest will be paid with net revenues from the City's water utility system activities, which was approximately \$14 million for the year ended June 30, 2023.

The annual requirements to amortize this note outstanding as of June 30, 2023, including interest payments, are as follows:

	_	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$	728,387	232,704	961,091
2025		742,955	218,136	961,091
2026		757,814	203,277	961,091
2027		772,971	188,120	961,091
2028		788,430	172,661	961,091
2029-2033		4,185,082	620,377	4,805,459
2034-2038		3,659,576	184,790	3,844,366
Total	\$_	11,635,215	1,820,065	13,455,280

Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

The City and Eddy County jointly own and operate a landfill. State and federal laws and regulations require that, upon closing, the City and Eddy County place a final cover on the landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure of the landfill site. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfill no longer accepts waste.

Based on a joint powers agreement between the City and County of Eddy, the closure and post-closure care costs will be shared at 50% for each government. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfill used during each year.

The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care of \$3,383,283 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2023. However, the actual cost of post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in state and federal landfill laws and regulations. The estimated remaining site life is approximately 25 years.

The City is required by the state of New Mexico Environmental Regulation Board to demonstrate financial assurance for the post-closure costs.

The following calculation details the current amount recognized for landfill closure and post closure care as of June 30, 2023:

Estimated landfill closure cost	\$	2,177,116
Estimated landfill post-closure care cost		1,206,167
Total estimated closure and post-closure costs	\$_	3,383,283
FY23 tonnage received		115,609
conversion to compacted cubic yards in-place	_	2
Cubic yards	_	231,218
FY22 capacity used to date		4,352,347
FY23 tonnage received/capacity used	_	231,218
FY23 capacity used to date	_	4,583,565
Total capacity used to date (approximately 4,583,565 gate cubic yards) as a percentage of total capacity (13,943,056 gate		
cubic yards including expansion)	_	32.87%
Total estimated closure and post-closure costs	\$	3,383,283
Total capacity used to date	_	32.87%
Estimated closure and post-closure care costs	\$_	1,112,202
Estimated closure and post-closure care costs		1,112,202
Estimated closure and post-closure care costs		1,112,202
Prior year liability	_	991,729
·	\$ <u></u>	
Prior year liability	\$ <u></u> \$ <u></u>	991,729
Prior year liability Increase (decrease) in estimated liability	` -	991,729 120,473
Prior year liability Increase (decrease) in estimated liability City of Carlsbad's portion (50%)	\$	991,729 120,473 60,237
Prior year liability Increase (decrease) in estimated liability City of Carlsbad's portion (50%) Prior year liability recognized	\$	991,729 120,473 60,237 495,865

Lease Liabilities

The City entered into multiple equipment leases. The City's lessee leasing arrangements at June 30, 2023 are summarized below (excluding short-term leases):

		Lease				
		Liability		Number of		
		Balance	Current	Lease	Remaining	
		June 30, 2023	Portion	Contracts	Lease Terms	Interest Rate
Governmental Activities	_					
Lessee						
Equipment	\$	516,960	306,826	12	~1-3 years	0.50%
Total governmental activities		516,960	306,826			
Business-Type Activities	_					
Lessee						
Equipment		120,844	8,039	2	~ 3-21 years	.5% - 1.75%
Total business-type activities		120,844	8,039			
Total lease liability	\$	637,804	314,865			

^{*}The lease terms represent the range of remaining terms in each lease.

During the year, the City did not recognize any variable payment amounts.

The future minimum lease obligations of these minimum lease payments in governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2023 were as follows:

_			
	Principal	Interest	
_	Payments	Payments	Total
\$	306,826	1,710	308,536
	155,305	578	155,883
	41,567	166	41,733
	13,262	9	13,271
\$	516,960	2,463	519,423
		Payments \$ 306,826 155,305 41,567 13,262	Payments Payments \$ 306,826 1,710 155,305 578 41,567 166 13,262 9

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending	_	Principal	Interest	
June 30,	_	Payments	Payments	Total
2024	\$	8,039	1,863	9,902
2025		8,265	1,779	10,044
2026		8,495	1,697	10,192
2027		5,287	1,617	6,904
2028		3,784	1,555	5,339
2029-2033		22,549	6,650	29,199
2034-2038		29,468	4,381	33,849
Thereafter		34,957	1,457	36,414
	\$	120,844	20,999	141,843

Subscription Liabilities

The City entered into several subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA). The City's arrangements at June 30, 2023 is summarized below (excluding short-term SBITA's):

	Subscription				
	Liability		Number of	Remaining	
	Balance	Current	Subscription	Subscription	
_	June 30, 2023	Portion	Contracts	Terms*	Interest Rate
_	_				
\$	454,516	256,672	2	~ 1-2 years	1.55 - 3.00%
	454,516	256,672			
\$	454,516	256,672			
	- \$ _ \$ _	Liability Balance June 30, 2023 \$ 454,516 454,516	Liability Balance June 30, 2023 Portion \$ 454,516	Liability Number of Subscription Balance Current June 30, 2023 Portion Contracts \$ 454,516 256,672 2 454,516 256,672 2	Liability Balance June 30, 2023 Portion \$\frac{454,516}{256,672} \frac{256,672}{256,672} \$\frac{256,672}{454,516} \frac{256,672}{256,672}

^{*}The subscription terms represent the range of remaining terms in each subscription.

During the year the City did not recognize any variable payment amounts.

The future minimum subscription obligations in governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities			
Year Ending	Principal	Interest	
June 30,	 Payments	Payments	Total
2024	\$ 256,672	6,264	262,936
2025	197,844	16	197,860
	\$ 454,516	6,280	460,796

NOTE 11. PENSION PLAN — PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description – Public Employees Retirement Fund is a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. This fund has six divisions of members, including State General, State Police/Adult Correction Officers, Municipal General, Municipal Police/Detention Officers, Municipal Fire, and State Legislative Divisions, and offers 24 different types of coverage within the PERA plan. All assets accumulated may be used to pay benefits, including refunds of member contributions, to any of the plan members or beneficiaries, as defined by the terms of this plan. Certain coverage plans are only applicable to a specific division. Eligibility for membership in the Public Employees Retirement Fund is set forth in the Public Employees Retirement Act (Chapter 10, Article 11, NMSA 1978). Except as provided for in the Volunteer Firefighters Retirement Act (10-11A-1 to 10-11A-8, NMSA 1978), the Judicial Retirement Act (10-12B-1 to 10-12B-19, NMSA 1978), the Magistrate Retirement Act (10-12C-1 to 10-12C-18, NMSA 1978), and the Educational Retirement Act (Chapter 22, Section 11, NMSA 1978), each employee and elected official of every affiliated public employer is required to be a member in the Public Employees Retirement Fund, unless specifically excluded. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report that can be obtained at www.nmpera.org/financial-overview/.

Benefits provided - Benefits are generally available at age 65 with five or benefits are generally available at age 65 with five or more years of service or after 25 years of service regardless of age for TIER I members. Provisions also exist for retirement between ages 60 and 65, with varying amounts of service required. Certain police and fire members may retire at any age with 20 or more years of service for Tier I members. Generally, the amount of retirement pension is based on final average salary, which is defined under Tier I as the average of salary for the 36 consecutive months of credited service producing the largest average; credited service; and the pension factor of the applicable coverage plan. Monthly benefits vary depending upon the plan under which the member qualifies, ranging from 2% to 3.5% of the member's final average salary per year of service. The maximum benefit that can be paid to a retiree may not exceed a range of 60% to 90% of the final average salary, depending on the division. Benefits for duty and non-duty death and disability and for post-retirement survivors' annuities are also available.

<u>TIER II</u> – The retirement age and service credit requirements for normal retirement for PERA state and municipal general members hired increased effective July 1, 2013, with the passage of Senate Bill 27 in the 2013 Legislative Session. Under the new requirements (Tier II), general members are

eligible to retire at any age if the member has at least eight years of service credit and the sum of the member's age and service credit equals at least 85 or at age 65 with 5 or more years of service credit. General members hired on or before June 30, 2013 (Tier I) remain eligible to retire at any age with 25 or more years of service credit. Under Tier II, police and firefighters in Plans 3, 4 and 5 are eligible to retire at any age with 25 or more years of service credit. State police and adult correctional officers, peace officers and municipal juvenile detention officers will remain in 25-year retirement plans, however, service credit will no longer be enhanced by 20%. All public safety members in Tier II may retire at age 60 with 6 or more years of service credit. Generally, under Tier II pension factors were reduced by .5%, employee contribution increased 1.5 percent and effective July 1, 2014, employer contributions were raised .05 percent. The computation of final average salary increased as the average of salary for 60 consecutive months.

<u>Contributions</u> – See PERA's publicly available financial report and annual comprehensive financial report obtained at saonm.org using the Audit Report Search function for agency 366, for the employer and employee contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions —

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$73,621,586 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of2021June 30, 2021. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan year ending June 30, 2022 using generally accepted actuarial principles. Therefore, the employer's portion was established as of the measurement date of June 30, 2022. There were no significant events or changes in benefit provision that required an adjustment to the roll-forward liabilities as of June 30, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 2.206331%, which was a decrease of 0.191712% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For PERA Fund Division; Municipal General Division, at June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$32,649,893 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 1.840770%, which was a decrease of 0.075684% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized PERA Fund Division; Municipal General Division pension expense of \$2,578,864.

At June 30, 2023, the City reported PERA Fund Division; Municipal General Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
Municipal General Division		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	130,886	794,032
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,231,219	-
Change in proportion and differences between the City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		283,395	960,062
The City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,738,097	
Total	\$	5,383,597	1,754,094

\$1,738,097 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30:		Amount
2024	\$	434,676
2025		201,355
2026		(1,295,902)
2027		2,551,277
2028		-
Thereafter	_	
	\$	1,891,406

<u>For PERA Fund Division; Municipal Police Division</u>, at June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$17,425,405 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 2.168230%, which was a decrease of 0.050961% from its proportion measured as of

June 30, 2021. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized PERA Fund Division; Municipal Police Division pension expense of \$2,271,523.

At June 30, 2023, the City reported PERA Fund Division; Municipal Police Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
Municipal Police Division		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	453,901	-
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,522,596	-
Change in proportion and differences between the City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		74,849	329,122
The City contributions subsequent to the		·	,
measurement date	_	1,404,172	
Total	\$	3,455,518	329,122

\$1,404,172 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

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Year Ended		
June 30:	_	Amount
2024	\$	680,977
2025		313,715
2026		(483,435)
2027		1,210,967
2028		-
Thereafter	_	
	\$_	1,722,224

For PERA Fund Division; Municipal Fire Division, at June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$23,546,288 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 3.100420%, which was an decrease of 0.343852% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized PERA Fund Division; Municipal Fire Division pension expense of \$1,659,721.

At June 30, 2023, the City reported PERA Fund Division; Municipal Fire Division deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Municipal Fire Division		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual		_	
experience	\$	146,457	16,622
Changes of assumptions		-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,049,882	-
Change in proportion and differences between the City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	1,913,596
The City contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	_	1,251,809	
Total	\$	2,448,148	1,930,218

\$1,251,809 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30:	_	Amount
2024	\$	(471,005)
2025		(430,055)
2026		(656,754)
2027		823,935
2028		-
Thereafter		
	\$_	(733,879)

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

PERA Fund	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percentage of Payroll for all divisions except
	for the Legislative division which is Level Dollar
Amortization period	25 years
Actuarial assumptions	
Investment rate of return	7.25% annual rate
Projected salary increases	3.25% to 13.50% annual rate
Includes inflation at	2.50%
Mortality assumption	The mortality assumptions are based on the RPH-
	2014 Blue Collar mortality table with female ages
	set forward one year. Future improvement in
	mortality rates is assumed using 60% of the MP-
	2017 projection scale generational. For nonpublic
	safety groups, 25% of in-service deaths are
	assumed to be duty related and 35% are assumed to
	be duty-related for public safety groups.
Experience study dates	July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2017 (demographic) and
	July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 (economic)

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and certain sensitivity information are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability was rolled-forward

from the valuation date to the plan year ended June 30, 2022. These assumptions were adopted by the Board use in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
All Funds - Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	35.50%	6.35%
Risk Reduction & Mitigation	19.50%	1.90%
Credit Oriented Fixed Income	15.00%	4.45%
Real Assets to include Real Estate Equity	20.00%	5.10%
Multi-Risk Allocation	10.00%	6.65%
Total	100.0%	

<u>Discount rate</u> – A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022. This single discount rate was based on a long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%, compounded annually, net of expense. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be available to finance all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all period of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The projections of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member and employer contributions will be made at the current statutory levels.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net

pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

			Current	
		1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
PERA Fund Division -	_	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Municipal General Division	\$	49,406,284	32,649,892	18,729,760
Municipal Police Division	\$	26,143,371	17,425,405	10,292,465
Municipal Fire Division	\$	31,015,016	23,546,288	17,413,423

<u>Pension plan fiduciary net position</u> – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued PERA'S financial reports.

<u>Payable Changes in the Net Pension Liability</u> - At June 30, 2023, the City reported a payable of \$165,995 for outstanding contributions due to NMPERA.

NOTE 12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

General Information about the OPEB/RHCA

<u>Plan description</u> - Employees of the City are provided with OPEB through the Retiree Health Care Fund (the Fund)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Authority (NMRHCA). NMRHCA was formed February 13, 1990, under the New Mexico Retiree Health Care Act (the Act) of New Mexico Statutes Annotated, as amended (NMSA 1978), to administer the Fund under Section 10-7C-1-19 NMSA 1978. The Fund was created to provide comprehensive group health insurance coverage for individuals (and their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses) who have retired or will retire from public service in New Mexico.

NMRHCA is an independent agency of the State of New Mexico. The funds administered by NMRHCA are considered part of the State of New Mexico financial reporting entity and are OPEB trust funds of the State of New Mexico. NMRHCA's financial information is included with the financial presentation of the State of New Mexico.

<u>Benefits provided</u> - The Fund is a multiple employer cost sharing defined benefit healthcare plan that provides eligible retirees (including terminated employees who have accumulated benefits but are not yet receiving them), their spouses, dependents and surviving spouses and dependents with health insurance and prescription drug benefits consisting of a plan, or optional plans of benefits,

that can be contributions to the Fund and by co-payments or out-of-pocket payments of eligible retirees.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms</u> – At June 30, 2022, the Fund's measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Plan membership	
Current retirees and surviving spouses	53,092
Inactive and eligible for deferred benefit	11,759
Current active members	92,500
	157,351
Active membership	
State general	18,691
State police and corrections	1,919
Municipal general	20,357
Municipal police	1,573
Municipal FTRE	756
Educational Retirement Board	49,224
	92,520

<u>Contributions</u> – Employer and employee contributions to the Fund total 3% for non-enhanced retirement plans and 3.75% of enhanced retirement plans of each participating employee's salary as required by Section 10-7C-15 NMSA 1978. The contributions are established by statute and are not based on an actuarial calculation. All employer and employee contributions are non-refundable under any circumstance, including termination of the employer's participation in the Fund. Contributions to the Fund from the City were \$645,050 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB —

At June 30, 2023, the City reported a liability of \$13,918,380 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on actual contributions provided to the Fund for the year ending June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.60211 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB income of \$3,060,263. At June 30, 2023 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
		Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	231,504	2,062,999
Changes of assumptions		2,969,852	10,317,538
Net difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on OPEB plan investments		191,921	-
Change in proportion		257,309	1,307,701
Contributions subsequent to the measurement			
date	_	645,050	
Total	\$_	4,295,636	13,688,238

Deferred outflows of resources totaling \$645,050 represent City contributions to the Fund made subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30:		Amount
2024	\$	(2,959,450)
2025		(2,291,686)
2026		(1,559,786)
2027		(2,063,879)
2028		(1,162,851)
Thereafter	_	_
Total	\$	(10,037,652)

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021		
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal, level percent of pay, calculated on individual employee basis		
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets		
Actuarial assumptions:			
Inflation	2.30% for ERB members, 2.50% for PERA members		
Projected payroll increases	3.25% to 13.00%, based on years of service, including inflation		
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense and margin for adverse deviation including inflation		
Health care cost trend rate	8% graded down to 4.5% over 14 years for Non- Medicare medical plan costs and 7.5% graded down to 4.5% over 12 for Medicare medical plan costs		
Mortality	ERB members: 2020 GRS Southwest Region Teacher Mortality Table, set back one year (and scaled at 95% for males). Generational mortality improvements in accordance with the Ultimate MP scales are projected from the year 2020. PERA members: Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Blue Collar Annuitant Mortality, set forward one year for females, projected generationally with Scale MP-2017 times 60%.		

Rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which the expected future real rates of return (net of investment fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumptions.

The best estimates for the long-term expected rate of return is summarized as follows:

	Long-Term
Asset Class	Rate of Return
U.S. core fixed income	0.40%
U.S. equity - large cap	6.60%
Non U.S emerging markets	9.20%
Non U.S developed equities	7.30%
Private equity	10.60%
Credit and structured finance	3.10%
Real estate	3.70%
Absolute return	2.50%
U.S. equity - small/mid cap	6.60%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 5.42% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made at rates proportional to the actuary determined contribution rates. For this purpose, employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Authority's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2059. The 7.00% discount rate, which includes the assumed inflation rate of 2.30% for ERB members and 2.50% for PERA members, was used to calculate the net OPEB liability through 2052. Beyond 2059, the index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (3.54%) was applied. Thus, 5.42% is the blended discount rate.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate of 5.42% as of June 30, 2022, as well as what the Fund's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percent lower or 1-percent higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase	
_	(4.42%)	(5.42%)	 (6.42%)	
\$	17,320,567	\$ 13,918,380	\$ 11,205,819	

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Current				
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate		1% Increase
\$	11,152,246 \$	13,918,380	\$	16,275,850

<u>OPEB plan fiduciary net position</u>. Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in NMRHCA's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Payable Changes in the Net OPEB Liability</u>. At June 30, 2023, the City reported a payable of \$24,231 for outstanding contributions due to NMRHCA.

NOTE 13. COMMITMENTS

The City has the following construction projects, which are evidenced by contractual arrangements with construction contractors, as of June 30, 2023:

Commitments of Governmental-type Activities

	Contract	Spent	Commitment	Percentage
Project	Amount	to Date	Remaining	Complete
Riverwalk Recreation Center-Exterior Paint/Construction	\$ 362,159	12,159	350,000	3%
Dark Canyon Bridge	4,378,245	3,235	4,375,010	0%
City Hall Cashier Office	200,000	2,567	197,433	1%
Honor Guard Cemetery-Columbarium	200,000	16,570	183,430	8%
Tyler/WatchGuard Interface	45,000	2,168	42,832	5%
Friendship Park Splash Pad	850,000	10,795	839,205	1%
Library Roof Replacement	440,000	18,304	421,696	4%
Museum Roof Replacement	440,000	18,304	421,696	4%
Riverwalk Recreation Center-HVAC Replacement	750,000	72,577	677,423	10%
Cemetery Expansion Design	20,000	9,403	10,597	47%
Shorthorn Park Remediation Design	23,760	8,126	15,634	34%
Pickleball Playground Equipment	108,260	3,927	104,333	4%
	\$ 7,817,424	178,135	7,639,289	

Commitments of Business-type Activities

	Contract	Spent	Commitment	Percentage
Project	Amount	to Date	Remaining	Complete
Treatment Plant-UV Disinfection Bank	\$ 100,000	17,405	82,595	17%
Liftstation-Bataan	3,095,000	801,750	2,293,250	26%
	\$ 3,195,000	819,155	2,375,845	

NOTE 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other local governments in the state and obtained insurance through the New Mexico Self-Insured Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operates as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The City pays an annual premium to New Mexico Self Insured Fund for its general insurance coverage, and all risk of loss is transferred.

The City maintains a self-insurance program for workers' compensation and employee health benefits. These programs are accounted for in the Internal Service Funds. Funding is provided by charging the other funds as costs are incurred for workers' compensation benefits and charging an estimated premium based on a minimum plan for employees' health benefits. Management does not have the information available to make a reasonable estimate of the amount of incurred but unreported claims and other outstanding liabilities of the plans; accordingly, no liability has been recorded.

NOTE 15. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the City's legal counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 16. OTHER REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of certain information concerning individual funds including:

1. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position of Individual Funds:

There were no funds that had deficit fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2023.

2. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

There were no funds that exceeded approved budgetary authority for the year ended June 30, 2023.

3. <u>Designated Cash Appropriations</u>

There were no funds that exceeded approved designated cash appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 17. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend. Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Transfers are also used to account for proper capitalization of assets with the governmental and business type activities.

Fund level		Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$	6,034,055	(15,012,743)
Solid Waste Fund		1,169,558	(1,506,363)
Joint Water & Sewer Fund		12,946,708	(732,577)
Other Governmental Funds		1,086,453	(4,704,194)
Other Enterprise Funds		50,000	-
Internal Service Funds		2,250,000	(1,534,945)
Fiduciary Funds		-	-
Government-wide level	_		
Transfer for capital assets		-	(45,952)
Total	\$	23,536,774	(23,536,774)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 18. DUE TO/FROM

The City records temporary interfund receivables and payables to enable funds to operate until funds can be repaid. All interfund balances are to be repaid within one year.

	_	Due to	Due from
General Fund	\$	(112,616)	-
Golf Pro Shop		(32,977)	-
Joint Water and Sewer Fund	_		145,593
Total	\$	(145,593)	145,593

NOTE 19. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City has no tax abatement agreements as of June 30, 2023, and therefore no disclosures under GASB 77 are required.

NOTE 20. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM — BRINE WELL REMEDIATION EXPENSE

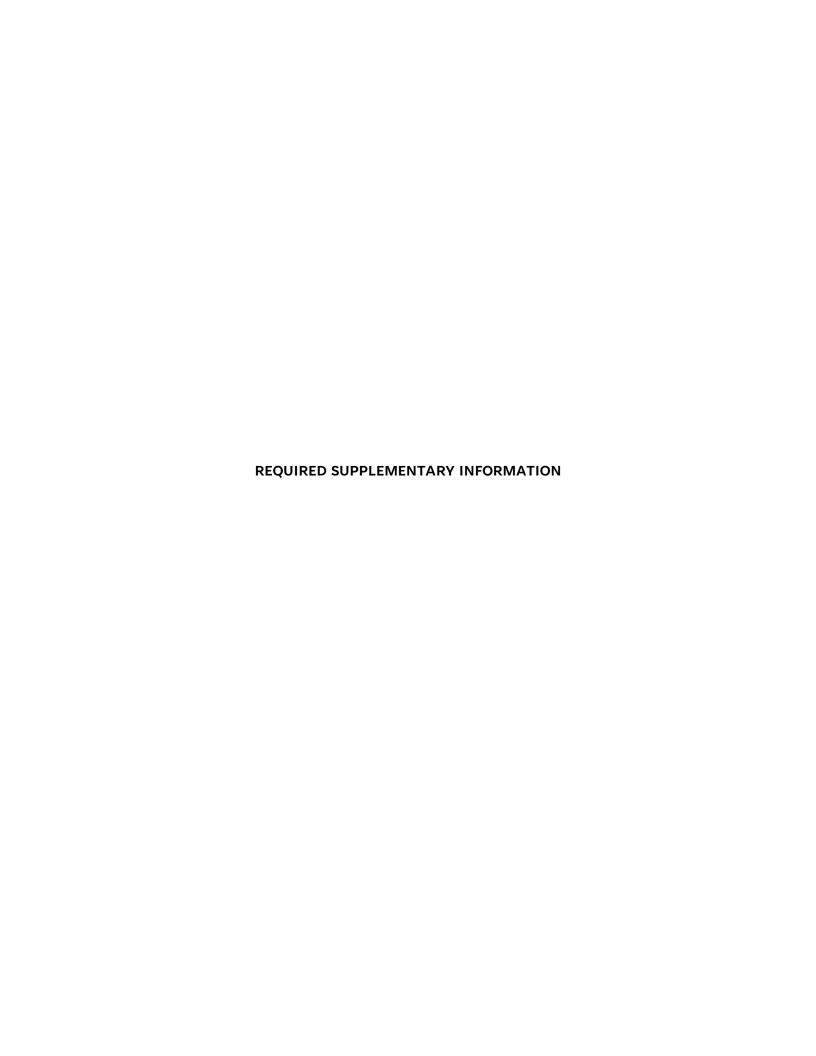
In June 2021, the City of Carlsbad, Eddy County, and the State of New Mexico Energy, Minerals and Natural Resources Department (EMNRD) signed a memorandum of agreement (MOA) to remediate the Carlsbad Brine Well. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City paid \$1.5 million as their agreed upon portion of the project.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 21. RESTATEMENTS

After a review of the prior year's statements of financial position of the government-wide activities and the individual funds, the City has determined that errors existed in several of the statements. As a result, the following adjustments have been made to the beginning equity amounts of both the government-wide and the individual fund statements:

			Impact on Fund Balance/
Fund	Purpose/Reason	_	Net Position
Governmental activities			
Airport (202)	To correct prior year grant receivable	\$	842,512
Cannabis Revenue (360)	To correct prior year cannabis excise tax receivable		30,372
Total governmental funds			872,884
Business-type activities			
Proprietary funds			
Joint Water and Sewer (700)	To correct prior year grant receivable		33,978
Total business-type activities			33,978
Fiduciary activities			
Eddy-Lea Energy Alliance (980)	To correct prior year fee receivable		4,482
Total fiduciary activities			4,482
Total restatements		\$	911,344



SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OF CARLSBAD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA) PLAN

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
				Me	asurement Date a	s of			
	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
The City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)									
Municipal General	1.840770%	1.916454%	1.8775%	1.9110%	1.9566%	1.8488%	1.8910%	1.8023%	1.6672%
Municipal Police	2.168230%	2.219191%	2.2477%	2.1941%	1.9877%	2.0794%	2.0286%	1.8730%	1.7809%
Municipal Fire	3.100420%	3.444272%	3.4576%	3.5830%	3.2708%	3.3918%	3.3058%	3.0425%	2.8478%
	2.206331%	2.398044%	2.2935%	2.3412%	2.6258%	2.2391%	2.2391%	2.1366%	2.0150%
The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)									
Municipal General	\$ 32,649,892	21,592,059	37,967,318	33,081,310	31,195,445	25,404,076	30,211,818	18,376,011	13,005,949
Municipal Police	17,425,405	11,476,798	19,304,813	16,207,137	13,562,162	11,552,430	14,967,615	9,006,434	5,805,215
Municipal Fire	23,546,288	20,907,596	26,152,380	24,623,697	20,935,172	19,405,998	22,053,047	15,702,896	11,886,699
	\$ 73,621,585	53,976,453	83,424,511	73,912,144	65,692,779	56,362,504	67,232,480	43,085,341	30,697,863
The City's covered payroll									
Municipal General	\$ 15,961,878	16,066,388	18,666,755	17,577,843	16,503,581	16,622,262	16,151,288	14,920,209	16,001,413
Municipal Police	6,133,029	6,220,930	4,811,431	4,473,582	4,200,180	4,285,593	4,056,254	3,670,508	4,645,008
Municipal Fire	4,997,320	5,079,447	4,769,041	4,426,818	4,156,273	4,110,199	3,853,487	3,465,760	4,339,740
	\$ 27,092,226	27,366,765	28,247,227	26,478,242	24,860,034	25,018,053	24,061,029	22,056,477	24,986,161
The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)									
as a percentage of its covered payroll									
Municipal General	204.55%	134.39%	203.40%	188.20%	189.02%	152.83%	187.06%	123.16%	81.28%
Municipal Police	284.12%	184.49%	401.23%	362.29%	322.89%	269.56%	369.00%	245.37%	124.98%
Municipal Fire	471.18%	411.61%	548.38%	556.24%	503.70%	472.14%	572.29%	453.09%	273.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability									
Municipal General	69.35%	77.25%	66.36%	70.52%	71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%
Municipal Police	69.35%	77.25%	66.36%	70.52%	71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%
Municipal Fire	69.35%	77.25%	66.36%	70.52%	71.13%	73.74%	69.18%	76.99%	81.29%

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the City is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CITY OF CARLSBAD'S CONTRIBUTIONS

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (PERA) PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutory required contribution										
Municipal General	\$	1,738,097	1,564,264	1,574,506	1,829,342	1,678,684	1,576,092	1,587,426	1,542,448	1,424,880
Municipal Police	·	1,404,172	1,174,475	1,191,308	921,389	845,507	793,834	809,977	766,632	693,726
Municipal Fire		1,251,809	1,094,413	1,112,399	1,044,420	958,406	899,833	889,858	834,280	750,337
	\$	4,394,078	3,833,152	3,878,213	3,795,151	3,482,597	3,269,759	3,287,261	3,143,360	2,868,943
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution										
Municipal General	\$	1,738,097	1,564,264	1,574,506	1,829,342	1,678,684	1,576,092	1,587,426	1,542,448	1,424,880
Municipal Police		1,404,172	1,174,475	1,191,308	921,389	845,507	793,834	809,977	766,632	693,726
Municipal Fire		1,251,809	1,094,413	1,112,399	1,044,420	958,406	899,833	889,858	834,280	750,337
	\$	4,394,078	3,833,152	3,878,213	3,795,151	3,482,597	3,269,759	3,287,261	3,143,360	2,868,943
Contribution deficiency (excess)										
Municipal General	\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Police		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Municipal Fire		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	4		_							

^{*}GASB 68 requires ten years of historical information be presented; however, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for those years that information is available. Complete information for the City is not available prior to fiscal year 2015, the year the statement's requirements became effective.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Changes of Benefit Terms: The PERA and COLA and retirement eligibility benefits changes in recent years are described in Note 1 of PERA's ACFR www.nmpera.org/financial-overview/.

Changes of Assumptions: The Public Employees Retirement Association of New Mexico Annual Actuarial Valuations as of June 30, 2022 report is available at www.nmpera.org/financial-overview/retirement-fund-valuation-reports/.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY OF CARLSBAD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS*

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
				Measuremen	t Date as of:		
	_	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (%)		0.60211%	0.61809%	0.62938%	0.64349%	0.63076%	0.62294%
The City's proportionate share of OPEB liability (\$)	\$	13,918,380	20,337,323	26,427,087	20,864,447	27,427,683	28,229,604
The City's covered payroll	\$	28,563,549	28,520,180	27,051,486	26,852,378	27,063,494	25,949,484
The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		48.73%	71.31%	97.69%	77.70%	101.35%	108.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		33.33%	25.39%	16.50%	18.92%	13.14%	11.34%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years; However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the statement only requires presentation of information for available years.

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY OF CARLSBAD'S CONTRIBUTIONS OPEB

	_	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	645,050	612,068	618,977	569,594	985,668	1,978,127
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		645,050	612,068	618,977	569,594	973,633	992,799
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_				12,035	985,328
The City's covered payroll	\$	28,563,549	28,048,021	27,513,771	26,867,642	27,063,494	25,949,484
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.26%	2.18%	2.25%	2.12%	3.60%	3.83%

^{*}This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years; However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for available years.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

In the total OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2022, changes in assumptions include adjustments resulting from an decrease in the discount rate from 3.62% to 5.42%.



		Special Rev	enue Funds	
			Local	
		Sports	Government	Cannabis
	Airport	Complex	Corrections	Revenue
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	(202)	(300)	(350)	(360)
<u>Assets</u>	 			
Cash	\$ 216,253	2,598,253	953,903	394,203
Receivables, net	1,386,008	504,681	-	57,528
Restricted assets:				
Restricted cash	-	_	-	-
Total assets	\$ 1,602,261	3,102,934	953,903	451,731
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 373,574	57,027	35,435	-
Accrued salaries	-	10,482	-	-
Accrued liabilities	-	-	4,657	-
Advance grant and lease payments	46,229	-	-	-
Total liabilities	419,803	67,509	40,092	-
<u>Fund balances</u>				
Restricted for:				
Public safety	1,182,458	-	913,811	-
Sports complex activities	-	3,035,425	-	-
State mandated per statutes	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	_	-	451,731
Total fund balances	 1,182,458	3,035,425	913,811	451,731
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	 <u> </u>	· · ·	<u> </u>	•
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,602,261	3,102,934	953,903	451,731

	_	Special Revenue Funds								
			Emergency	Law						
		Fire	Medical	Enforcement	Municipal					
		Protection	Services	Protection	Transit					
		Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund					
		(500)	(501)	(520)	(570)					
<u>Assets</u>										
Cash	\$	993,932	2,115	-	110,416					
Receivables, net		-	-	-	196,227					
Restricted assets:										
Restricted cash		-	-	-	-					
Total assets	\$	993,932	2,115		306,643					
<u>Liabilities</u>										
Accounts payable	\$	_	_	-	10,670					
Accrued salaries		_	_	-	17,959					
Accrued liabilities		_	_	-	-					
Advance grant and lease payments		_	_	-	-					
Total liabilities		-	-	-	28,629					
Fund balances										
Restricted for:										
Public safety		-	_	-	-					
Sports complex activities		-	_	-	-					
State mandated per statutes		993,932	2,115	-	-					
Public works		_	_	-	278,014					
Assigned		-	_	-	-					
Total fund balances	_	993,932	2,115		278,014					
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	_	·			•					
of resources, and fund balances	\$	993,932	2,115	-	306,643					

		Sp	ds		
	-	-	American		
		Community	Rescue Plan		Total
		Development	Act (ARPA)	Lodgers'	Special
		Fund	Fund	Tax Fund	Revenue
		(580)	(590)	(600,650,680)	Funds
<u>Assets</u>	•	<u> </u>			_
Cash	\$	-	-	4,615,679	9,884,754
Receivables, net		49,848	-	410,241	2,604,533
Restricted assets:					
Restricted cash		50,510	-	-	50,510
Total assets	\$	100,358		5,025,920	12,539,797
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable	\$	_	-	100,596	577,302
Accrued salaries		_	_	, -	28,441
Accrued liabilities		_	_	_	4,657
Advance grant and lease payments		_	_	_	46,229
Total liabilities	-	-		100,596	656,629
Fund balances					
Restricted for:					
Public safety		100,358	_	_	2,196,627
Sports complex activities		, -	_	_	3,035,425
State mandated per statutes		_	_	4,925,324	5,921,371
Public works		_	_	-	278,014
Assigned		_	_	_	451,731
Total fund balances	-	100,358		4,925,324	11,883,168
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	-	,3			,,
of resources, and fund balances	\$	100,358	-	5,025,920	12,539,797

	_		Capital			
		GRT		Street System		Total
		Capital	CIEP	Improvement	Beautification	Capital
		Outlay	Fund	Fund	Fund	Project
		(200)	(201)	(320)	(550)	Funds
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash	\$	2,708,793	397,953	1,653,604	4,912	4,765,262
Receivables, net		945,752	867,715	79,124	19,230	1,911,821
Restricted assets:						
Restricted cash	_					_
Total assets	\$_	3,654,545	1,265,668	1,732,728	24,142	6,677,083
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	_	414	1,435	1,600	3,449
Accrued salaries	Ť	_	_		_,	-
Accrued interest payable		_	_	_	_	_
Advance grant and lease payments		_	_	_	_	_
Total liabilities	_	-	414	1,435	1,600	3,449
<u>Fund balances</u>						
Restricted for:						
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-
Sports complex activities		-	-	-	-	-
State mandated per statutes		-	-	-	-	-
Construction and improvements		-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	_	3,654,545	1,265,254	1,731,293	22,542	6,673,634
Total fund balances		3,654,545	1,265,254	1,731,293	22,542	6,673,634
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$_	3,654,545	1,265,668	1,732,728	24,142	6,677,083

	Debt Serv	rice Fund		
	GRT			Total
	Capital	NMFA Loan		Other
	Outlay Fund	Fund	Total Debt	Gov't
	(802)	(820)	Service Funds	Funds
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash	\$ -	-	-	14,650,016
Receivables, net	-	-	-	4,516,354
Restricted assets:				
Restricted cash				50,510
Total assets	\$ 			19,216,880
Liabilities				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				500 751
Accounts payable	\$ -	-	-	580,751
Accrued salaries	-	-	-	28,441
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	4,657
Advance grant and lease payments				46,229
Total liabilities	-	-	-	660,078
Fund balances				
Restricted for:				
Public safety	-	-	-	2,196,627
Sports complex activities	-	-	-	3,035,425
State mandated per statutes	-	-	-	5,921,371
Construction and improvements	-	-	-	278,014
Assigned	-	-	-	7,125,365
Total fund balances	_			18,556,802
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 			19,216,880

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Airport Complex Corrections Revenue	ois
Airport Complex Corrections Revenue Fund (202) Fund (300) Fund (350) (360) Revenues Fund (300) Fund (350) (360) Gross receipts taxes Fund (300) Fund (300) Fund (350) Lodgers' taxes Fund (300) Fund (350) Fund (350) Cannabis excise taxes Fund (300) Fund (300) Fund (350)	ois
Fund (202) Fund (300) Fund (350) Fund (360) Revenues \$ - 2,769,866 - - Lodgers' taxes - - - - 368, Cannabis excise taxes - - - 368,	
Revenues (202) (300) (350) (360) Gross receipts taxes \$ - 2,769,866 - - Lodgers' taxes - - - - Cannabis excise taxes - - - 368,	Je
Revenues 2,769,866 - Gross receipts taxes - 2,769,866 - Lodgers' taxes - - - Cannabis excise taxes - - - 368,	
Gross receipts taxes - 2,769,866 - Lodgers' taxes - - - Cannabis excise taxes - - - 368,	J
Lodgers' taxes 368, Cannabis excise taxes 368,	
Cannabis excise taxes 368,	-
·	-
Intergovernmental:	,100
Federal 1,123,771	-
State and local 263,221	-
Charges for services 33,296 14,528 9	-
Fines and forfeitures	
Total revenues 1,420,288 2,784,394 727,146 368,	,100
<u>Expenditures</u>	
Current:	
General government 11,	,044
Public safety 7,226 - 374,870	-
Public works	-
Culture and recreation - 1,048,932 -	-
Economic development	-
Capital outlay 1,414,351 4,086 -	-
Debt service:	
Principal - 70,941 -	-
Interest and other charges - 471 -	-
Total expenditures 1,421,577 1,124,430 374,870 11,	,044
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	
over (under) expenditures (1,289) 1,659,964 352,276 357,	,056
Other financing sources (uses)	
Transfers in 300,000 20,296 -	-
Transfers (out) - (49,555) -	_
Total other financing sources (uses) 300,000 (29,259) -	-
Special item	
Proceeds from sale of assets	_
Net change in fund balance 298,711 1,630,705 352,276 357,	,056
	,303
	,372
	,675
Fund balance, end of year \$ 1,182,458 3,035,425 913,811 451,	,731

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Special Rev	enue Funds	
	Fire Protection Fund (500)	Emergency Medical Services Fund (501)	Law Enforcement Protection Fund (520)	Municipal Transit Fund (570)
Revenues				
Gross receipts taxes	\$ -	-	-	-
Lodgers' taxes	-	_	-	_
Cannabis excise taxes	-	_	-	_
Intergovernmental:				
Federal	-	-		674,473
State and local	667,066	20,000	746,397	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	50,886
Fines and forfeitures	-			-
Total revenues	667,066	20,000	746,397	725,359
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General government	-	_	_	_
Public safety	38,956	-	112,000	-
Public works	-	-	-	1,214,140
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-
Economic development	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	772,706	17,885	-	152,362
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	=	1,380
Interest and other charges				26
Total expenditures	811,662	17,885	112,000	1,367,908
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(144,596)	2,115	634,397	(642,549)
Other financing courses (uses)				
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in				638,511
Transfers (out)	_	(13,411)	(634,397)	(73,733)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(13,411)	(634,397)	564,778
Total other financing sources (uses)		(13,411)	(054,597)	304,770
Special item				
Proceeds from sale of assets	_	_	_	7,440
reduced nonrouse or desects				1,110
Net change in fund balance	(144,596)	(11,296)	-	(70,331)
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,138,528	13,411	-	348,345
Restatements (Note 21)				
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	1,138,528	13,411		348,345
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 993,932	2,115		278,014

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Sp			
	-		American		
		Community	Rescue Plan		Total
		Development	Act (ARPA)	Lodgers'	Special
		Fund	Fund	Tax Fund	Revenue
		(580)	(590)	(600,650,680)	Funds
Revenues					
Gross receipts taxes	\$	-	-	-	2,769,866
Lodgers' taxes		-	_	4,493,467	4,493,467
Cannabis excise taxes		-	-	-	368,100
Intergovernmental:					
Federal		54,848	3,681,801	-	5,534,893
State and local		-	_	-	1,696,684
Charges for services		-	-	-	98,719
Fines and forfeitures		_			727,137
Total revenues		54,848	3,681,801	4,493,467	15,688,866
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		-	892,622	-	903,666
Public safety		-	2,300,550	-	2,833,602
Public works		-	-	-	1,214,140
Culture and recreation		-	426,686	2,057,120	3,532,738
Economic development		-	61,943	-	61,943
Capital outlay		98,452	-	2,811,259	5,271,101
Debt service:					
Principal		-	-	-	72,321
Interest and other charges		-	-	-	497
Total expenditures		98,452	3,681,801	4,868,379	13,890,008
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(43,604)	-	(374,912)	1,798,858
Other financing courses (uses)					
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in					050 007
Transfers (out)		_	_	(475,000)	958,807
Total other financing sources (uses)				(475,000) (475,000)	(1,246,096) (287,289)
rotal other infalicing sources (uses)		_	_	(475,000)	(201,209)
<u>Special item</u>					
Proceeds from sale of assets		-	-	_	7,440
	•	(42.224)		(0.10.010)	
Net change in fund balance		(43,604)	-	(849,912)	1,519,009
Fund balance, beginning of year		143,962	-	5,775,236	9,491,275
Restatements (Note 21)	•	- 140,000			872,884
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	φ.	143,962		5,775,236	10,364,159
Fund balance, end of year	Φ.	100,358		4,925,324	11,883,168

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Capital I	Project Funds		
	_	GRT		Street System		Total
		Capital	CIEP	Improvement	Beautification	Capital
		Outlay	Fund	Fund	Fund	Project
		(200)	(201)	(320)	(550)	Funds
Revenues	· <u>-</u>	_			- 	
Gross receipts taxes	\$	5,212,582	-	-	-	5,212,582
Lodgers' taxes		-	-	-	-	-
Cannabis excise taxes		-	-	-	-	-
Public service taxes		-	-	755,102	-	755,102
Intergovernmental:						
Federal		-	399,894	-	-	399,894
State and local		-	1,019,214	702,388	19,230	1,740,832
Charges for services		-	-	-	-	-
Licenses and permits		-	-	116,563	-	116,563
Fines and forfeitures		-	-	-	-	-
Interest	_	_	4,457	12,915		17,372
Total revenues		5,212,582	1,423,565	1,586,968	19,230	8,242,345
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		207,587	58,250	-	-	265,837
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-
Public works		-	-	35,271	-	35,271
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	70,644	70,644
Economic development		-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		64,536	1,457,952	6,064,865	-	7,587,353
Debt service:						
Principal		-	-	-	-	-
Interest and other charges	_					
Total expenditures	_	272,123	1,516,202	6,100,136	70,644	7,959,105
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		4,940,459	(92,637)	(4,513,168)	(51,414)	283,240
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-	-	77,646	50,000	127,646
Transfers (out)	_	(3,458,098)				(3,458,098)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,458,098)	-	77,646	50,000	(3,330,452)
Special item						
Proceeds from sale of assets	_					
Net change in fund balance		1,482,361	(92,637)	(4,435,522)	(1,414)	(3,047,212)
Fund balance, beginning of year		2,172,184	1,357,891	6,166,815	23,956	9,720,846
Restatements (Note 21)	_					
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	_	2,172,184	1,357,891	6,166,815	23,956	9,720,846
Fund balance, end of year	\$	3,654,545	1,265,254	1,731,293	22,542	6,673,634
	_					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Debt Serv	ice Funds		
	•	GRT			Total
		Capital	NMFA Loan	Total Debt	Other
		Outlay Fund	Fund	Service	Gov't
	-	(802)	(820)	Funds	Funds
Revenues					
Gross receipts taxes	\$	-	-	-	7,982,448
Lodgers' taxes		-	-	-	4,493,467
Cannabis excise taxes		-	-	-	368,100
Public service taxes		-	-	-	755,102
Intergovernmental:					
Federal		-	-	-	5,934,787
State and local		-	-	-	3,437,516
Charges for services		-	-	-	98,719
Licenses and permits		-	-	-	116,563
Fines and forfeitures		-	-	-	727,137
Interest		-	-	_	17,372
Total revenues	-	-			23,931,211
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Current:					
General government		-	-	-	1,169,503
Public safety		-	-	-	2,833,602
Public works		-	-	-	1,249,411
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	3,603,382
Economic development		-	-	-	61,943
Capital outlay		-	-	-	12,858,454
Debt service:					
Principal		-	-	-	72,321
Interest and other charges		-	-	_	497
Total expenditures	-	-		_	21,849,113
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	-				
over (under) expenditures		-	-	-	2,082,098
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		-	-	_	1,086,453
Transfers (out)		-	-	_	(4,704,194)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-			(3,617,741)
Special item					
Proceeds from sale of assets		<u>-</u>			7,440
Net change in fund balance	-				(1,528,203)
Fund balance, beginning of year		_	_	_	19,212,121
Restatements (Note 21)		_	_	_	872,884
Fund balance, beginning of year, restated	-				20,085,005
Fund balance, end of year	\$	_			18,556,802
	Ť:				

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

		Museum Gift Shop Fund (750)	Golf Pro Shop Fund (790)	Total
<u>Assets</u>		_		
Current assets				
Cash	\$	21,881	819,635	841,516
Receivables, net		20	25,246	25,266
Inventory			67,413	67,413
Total current assets		21,901	912,294	934,195
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Pensions related		-	-	-
OPEB related				
Total deferred outflows of resources			_	
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$	21,901	912,294	934,195
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	799	799
Accrued liabilities		39	5,201	5,240
Due to other funds		-	32,977	32,977
Total current liabilities	_	39	38,977	39,016
Total liabilities		39	38,977	39,016
Net Position				
Unrestricted	_	21,862	873,317	895,179
Total net position	_	21,862	873,317	895,179
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$_	21,901	912,294	934,195

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	_	Museum Gift Shop Fund (750)	Golf Pro Shop Fund (790)	Total
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$	2,322	1,432,992	1,435,314
Operating Expenses				
Utilities		-	9,441	9,441
Contractual services		192	97,443	97,635
Other operating expenses	_	2,814	501,969	504,783
Total operating expenses	_	3,006	608,853	611,859
Operating income (loss)		(684)	824,139	823,455
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Miscellaneous		7,390	1,400	8,790
Total non-operating revenues	_			
(expenses)	_	7,390	1,400	8,790
Income (loss) before capital				
contributions and transfers		6,706	825,539	832,245
Capital contributions and transfers				
Transfers in		-	50,000	50,000
Transfers (out)	_			
Total capital contributions				
and transfers	_		50,000	50,000
Change in net position		6,706	875,539	882,245
Net position, beginning of year		15,156	(2,222)	12,934
Restatement	_			
Net position, beginning of year restated	_	15,156	(2,222)	12,934
Net position, end of year	\$_	21,862	873,317	895,179

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Net cash (used) by operating activities Cash flows for non-capital and financing activities Miscellaneous revenues Miscellaneous revenues Net transfers in (out) Net cash provided by non-capital and financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating decivities Operating (loss) Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net		_	Museum Gift Shop Fund (750)	Golf Pro Shop Fund (790)	Total
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Net cash (used) by operating activities Cash flows for non-capital and financing activities Miscellaneous revenues Net transfers in (out) Net cash provided by non-capital and financing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating (loss) (639,511) (642,515) (642,515) (642,515) (642,515) (642,515) (672) 768,235 767,563 7,390 1,400 8,790 51,400 58,790 15,163 - 15,163 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 15,163 - 15,163 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating (loss)	Cash flows from operating activities				
Net cash (used) by operating activities (672) 768,235 767,563 Cash flows for non-capital and financing activities Miscellaneous revenues 7,390 1,400 8,790 Net transfers in (out) - 50,000 50,000 Net cash provided by non-capital and financing activates 7,390 51,400 58,790 Net increase (decrease) in cash 6,718 819,635 826,353 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 15,163 - 15,163 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 21,881 819,635 841,516 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating (loss) \$ (684) 824,139 823,455	Cash received from customers	\$	2,332	1,407,746	1,410,078
Cash flows for non-capital and financing activities Miscellaneous revenues Net transfers in (out) Net cash provided by non-capital and financing activates Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating (loss) Second 1,400 8,790 1,400 50,000 1,400 50,000 1,400 1	Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	_	(3,004)	(639,511)	(642,515)
Miscellaneous revenues 7,390 1,400 8,790 Net transfers in (out) - 50,000 50,000 Net cash provided by non-capital and financing activates 7,390 51,400 58,790 Net increase (decrease) in cash 6,718 819,635 826,353 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 15,163 - 15,163 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 21,881 819,635 841,516 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities \$ (684) 824,139 823,455	Net cash (used) by operating activities		(672)	768,235	767,563
Net transfers in (out)-50,00050,000Net cash provided by non-capital and financing activates7,39051,40058,790Net increase (decrease) in cash6,718819,635826,353Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year15,163-15,163Cash and cash equivalents, end of year\$ 21,881819,635841,516Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activitiesOperating (loss)\$ (684)824,139823,455	Cash flows for non-capital and financing activities				
Net cash provided by non-capital and financing activates 7,390 51,400 58,790 Net increase (decrease) in cash 6,718 819,635 826,353 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 15,163 - 15,163 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 21,881 819,635 841,516 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating (loss) \$ (684) 824,139 823,455	Miscellaneous revenues		7,390	1,400	8,790
financing activates 7,390 51,400 58,790 Net increase (decrease) in cash 6,718 819,635 826,353 Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 15,163 - 15,163 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 21,881 819,635 841,516 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating (loss) \$ (684) 824,139 823,455	Net transfers in (out)	_	_	50,000	50,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating (loss) Second 15,163 - 15,163 819,635 841,516 841,516	Net cash provided by non-capital and				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 15,163 - 15,163 Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 21,881 819,635 841,516 Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating (loss) \$ (684) 824,139 823,455	financing activates		7,390	51,400	58,790
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Net increase (decrease) in cash		6,718	819,635	826,353
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating (loss) \$ (684) 824,139 823,455	Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		15,163		15,163
provided by operating activities Operating (loss) \$ (684) 824,139 823,455	Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	21,881	819,635	841,516
Operating (loss) \$ (684) 824,139 823,455	Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				
	provided by operating activities				
Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net	Operating (loss)	\$	(684)	824,139	823,455
reguestions to recommend epotenting moonie to not	Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net				
cash provided by operating activities:	cash provided by operating activities:				
Change in assets and liabilities:	Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable 10 (25,246) (25,236)	(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		10	(25,246)	(25,236)
(Increase) decrease in inventory (34,436) (34,436)	(Increase) decrease in inventory			(34,436)	(34,436)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - (1,423)	Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		-	(1,423)	(1,423)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities 2 5,201 5,203	Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		2	5,201	5,203
Total adjustments 12 (55,904) (55,892)	Total adjustments	_	12	(55,904)	(55,892)
Net cash (used) by operating activities \$ (672) 768,235 767,563		\$	(672)	768,235	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

			Group		
		General	Health	Disaster	
		Insurance	Insurance	Preparedness	
		Fund	Fund	Fund	
	_	(401, 402)	(420)	(400)	Total
<u>Assets</u>	_	_			
Current assets					
Cash	\$	1,717,156	2,346,496	247,558	4,311,210
Receivables, net	_	46,638	151,555		198,193
Total current assets		1,763,794	2,498,051	247,558	4,509,403
Noncurrent assets					
Restricted cash	_	_		1,011,535	1,011,535
Total assets	\$_	1,763,794	2,498,051	1,259,093	5,520,938
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$_	46,018			46,018
Net position					
Unrestricted	_	1,717,776	2,498,051	1,259,093	5,474,920
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,763,794	2,498,051	1,259,093	5,520,938

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Operating revenues Charges for services		General Insurance Fund (401, 402)	Group Health Insurance Fund (420)	Disaster Preparedness Fund (400)	Total
charges for services	Ψ		0,420,230		0,420,230
Operating expenses					
Insurance claims and expenses		2,106,884	4,884,835		6,991,719
Total operating expenses		2,106,884	4,884,835		6,991,719
Operating (loss)		(2,106,884)	1,535,401	-	(571,483)
Non-operating revenues (expenses)					
Miscellaneous revenue		98,878	-	-	98,878
Investment income		1,905	15,202	7,798	24,905
Income (loss) before transfers		(2,006,101)	1,550,603	7,798	(447,700)
Transfers and extraordinary items					
Transfers in		2,250,000	-	-	2,250,000
Transfers (out)		-	(1,534,945)	-	(1,534,945)
Extraordinary expense-brine well remediation				(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)
Total transfers and extraordinary items		2,250,000	(1,534,945)	(1,500,000)	(784,945)
Change in net position		243,899	15,658	(1,492,202)	(1,232,645)
Net position, beginning of year		1,473,877	2,482,393	2,751,295	6,707,565
Restatement		-	-	-	-
Net position, beginning of year, restated	_	1,473,877	2,482,393	2,751,295	6,707,565
Net position, end of year	\$	1,717,776	2,498,051	1,259,093	5,474,920
	_				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

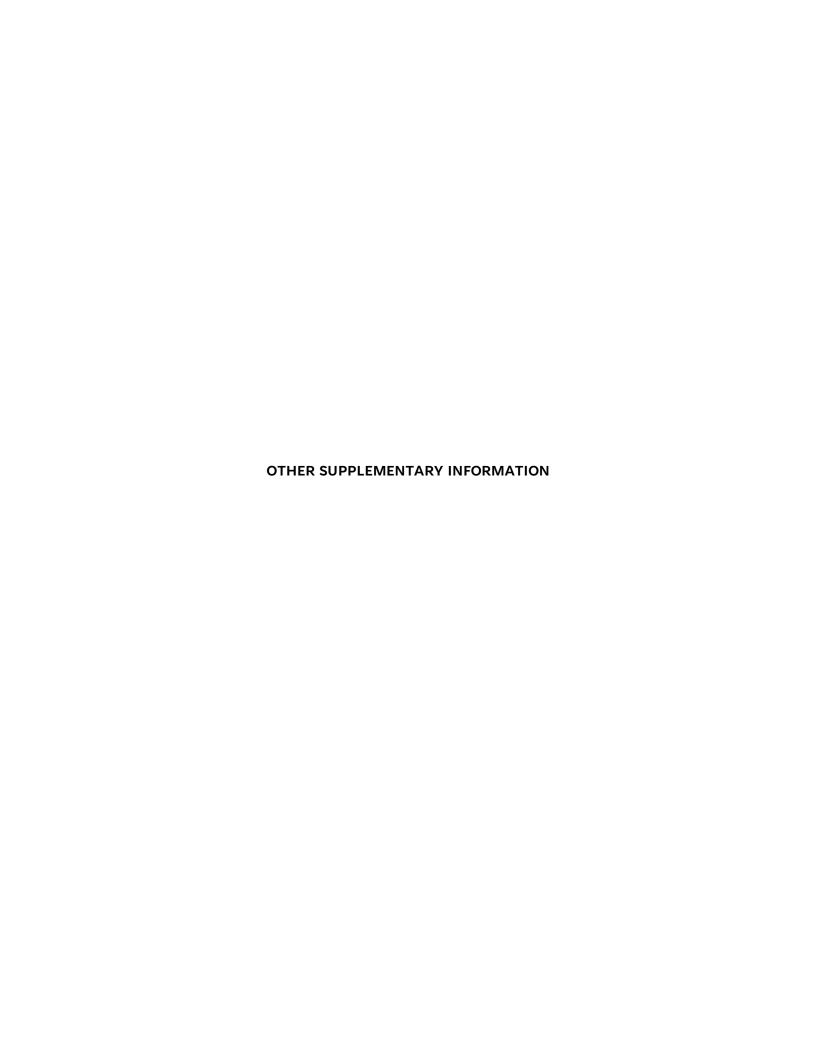
	_	General Insurance Fund (401, 402)	Group Health Insurance Fund (420)	Disaster Preparedness Fund (400)	Total
Cash flows from operating activities Internal activity - receipts from other funds	\$	-	6,268,681	-	6,268,681
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Net cash provided (used)	_	(2,097,754)	(4,884,835)		(6,982,589)
by operating activities		(2,097,754)	1,383,846	-	(713,908)
Cash flows from non-capital activities Miscellaneous revenue		00.070			00.070
Net transfers in (out) and extraordinary items		98,878 2,250,000	(1,534,945)	(1,500,000)	98,878 (784,945)
Cash flows from investing activities		4.005	45.000	7 700	04.005
Investment income Net increase (decrease) in cash	-	1,905 253,029	15,202 (135,897)	7,798 (1,492,202)	24,905 (1,375,070)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ =	1,464,127 1,717,156	2,482,393 2,346,496	2,751,295 1,259,093	6,697,815 5,322,745
Displayed as Cash Restricted cash	\$	1,717,156 -	2,346,496	247,558 1,011,535	4,311,210 1,011,535
Total cash	\$_	1,717,156	2,346,496	1,259,093	5,322,745
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating (loss) Adjustment to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities None		(2,106,884)	1,535,401	-	(571,483)
Change in assets and liabilities (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(33,954)	(151,555)	-	(185,509)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	_	43,084			43,084
Total adjustments		9,130	(151,555)		(142,425)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$_	(2,097,754)	1,383,846		(713,908)

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

		Municipal Court	Eddy-Lea	
		Bond Trust	Energy Alliance	Total
		Fund	Fund	Custodial
	_	(920)	(980)	Funds
Assets		_		
Cash	\$	18,489	97,252	115,741
Receivables		-	5,229	5,229
Total assets	\$	18,489	102,481	120,970
	•			
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	51	51
Total liabilities	•	-	51	51
Net position				
Restricted for:				
Individuals, other governments		18,489	102,430	120,919
Total net position	\$	18,489	102,430	120,919
•				

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Municipal Court Bond Trust Fund (920)	Eddy-Lea Energy Alliance Fund (980)	Total Custodial Funds
Additions	_	_		
Fees	\$_	8,071	100,747	108,818
Total additions		8,071	100,747	108,818
Deductions Insurance Professional contracts Fee payments Total deductions	_	- - 12,647 12,647	2,121 68,054 554 70,729	2,121 68,054 13,201 83,376
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position		(4,576)	30,018	25,442
Net position, beginning		23,065	67,930	90,995
Restatement	_	<u>-</u> _	4,482	4,482
Net position, beginning-restated		23,065	72,412	95,477
Net position, ending	\$	18,489	102,430	120,919



STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CARLSBAD

SCHEDULE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

As of June 30, 2023

		General Fund (101, 102)	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Funds	
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Leases	\$_	13,797		13,797	
Subtotal nonspendable funds		13,797	-	13,797	
Restricted for:					
Public safety		-	2,196,627	2,196,627	
Sports complex activities		-	3,035,425	3,035,425	
State mandated per statutes		-	5,921,371	5,921,371	
State mandated budget reserve		5,431,568	-	5,431,568	
Construction and improvements			278,014	278,014	
Subtotal restricted funds		5,431,568	11,431,437	16,863,005	
Committed to:					
City budget reserve		5,431,568	-	5,431,568	
Subsequent years' expenditures		22,754,331		22,754,331	
Subtotal committed funds		28,185,899	-	28,185,899	
Assigned to:					
Cannabis revenue		-	451,731	451,731	
GRT capital outlay		-	3,654,545	3,654,545	
CIEP		-	1,265,254	1,265,254	
Street system improvement		-	1,731,293	1,731,293	
Beautification			22,542	22,542	
Subtotal assigned funds		-	7,125,365	7,125,365	
Unassigned	_	22,365,519		22,365,519	
	\$	55,996,782	18,556,802	74,553,584	

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD SCHEDULE OF CASH ACCOUNTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Financial Institution/ Account Description	Type of Account	Financial Institution Balance	Reconciling Items	Reconciled Balance
Carlsbad National Bank	Type of Account	 Баіапсе	Items	Balance
P.O. Box 1359				
Carlsbad, New Mexico 88221-1359				
Canada, New Mexico Cozzi 1003				
Health Insurance	Checking*	\$ 2,345,361	1,135	2,346,496
Payroll Account	Checking	850,154	(825,772)	24,382
Debt Service Account	Checking	9,071,043	-	9,071,043
Municipal Court	Checking	18,489	-	18,489
Worker's Compensation	Checking	17,254	(7,254)	10,000
CDBG Cash	Checking	50,510	-	50,510
General Operating	Certificate of Deposit	580,113	-	580,113
General Operating	Certificate of Deposit	319,540	-	319,540
General Operating	Certificate of Deposit	216,260	-	216,260
General Operating	Certificate of Deposit	4,073,429	-	4,073,429
General Operating	Certificate of Deposit	9,269,091	-	9,269,091
General Operating	Certificate of Deposit	938,556	-	938,556
Sandpoint Closure Reserve	Certificate of Deposit	694,278	-	694,278
Sandpoint Closure Reserve	Certificate of Deposit	1,331,442	-	1,331,442
Sandpoint Closure Reserve	Certificate of Deposit	978,589	-	978,589
Sandpoint Closure Reserve	Certificate of Deposit	967,886	-	967,886
Worker's Compensation	Certificate of Deposit	4,036,967	-	4,036,967
Worker's Compensation	Certificate of Deposit	1,015,780	-	1,015,780
Worker's Compensation	Certificate of Deposit	4,021,047	-	4,021,047
Water & Sewer	Certificate of Deposit	366,739	-	366,739
Water & Sewer	Certificate of Deposit	316,425	-	316,425
Disaster Preparedness	Certificate of Deposit	 1,011,535		1,011,535
	:	\$ 42,490,488	(831,891)	41,658,597

^{*}Interest bearing account

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD SCHEDULE OF CASH ACCOUNTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Financial Institution/			Financial Institution	Reconciling	Reconciled
Account Description	Type of Account		Balance	Items	Balance
Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.					
Carlsbad Office					
115 W. Fox Street					
Carlsbad, New Mexico 88221					
General Fund	Checking*	\$_	69,944,980	(1,108,421)	68,836,559
			69,944,980	(1,108,421)	68,836,559
Western Commerce Bank					
P.O. Drawer 1358					
Carlsbad, New Mexico 88221-1358					
Construction Account	Checking*		6,227,015	(186,806)	6,040,209
General Operating	Certificate of Deposit		1,070,169		1,070,169
			7,297,184	(186,806)	7,110,378
New Mexico Finance Authority					
207 Shelby Street					
Santa Fe, New Mexico 87501					
Carlsbad 11	Reserve		240,864	<u>-</u>	240,864
		_	240,864		240,864
Totals		\$_	119,973,516	(2,127,118)	117,846,398

^{*}Interest bearing account

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL ALL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Carlsbad National Bank 202 West Stevens P.O. Box 1359 Carlsbad, New Mexico 88221-1359

	CUSIP	Maturity		Market
Security Description	Number	Date		Value
FHLMC Pool C91245	3128P7L27	01/01/36	\$	354,498
FHLMC Pool C91366	3128P7QT3	04/01/31		229,330
FNMA Pool MA2046	31418BHY5	10/01/34		230,237
FHLMC Pool C91758	3128P755T6	04/01/34		342,837
FNR 2012-55 PD	3136A53R5	05/25/42		222,402
GNMAII Pool 4668	36202FFH4	04/20/25		92,735
FNMA Pool MA7076	3138EP2J2	08/01/32		257,382
FHLMC Pool C91864	3128P8B91	02/01/36		475,449
FHLMC Pool G07957	3128MAE62	01/01/45		440,098
GNMAII Pool MA5976	36179UT93	06/20/49		52,008
FNMA Pool MA1119	31418GA51	07/01/42		255,066
FHLMC Pool G07786	3128M96X5	08/01/44		411,171
FHLMC Pool G15290	3128MEC33	02/01/30		190,485
FNMA Pool BC0851	3140EU5M7	04/01/31		672,227
FNMA Pool MA2937	31418CHP2	03/01/37		505,487
GNMA II Pool BO1539	3617KGV80	07/20/49		846,325
FNMA Pool BQ4067	3140KPQV8	12/01/50		1,275,984
FNMA Pool FM8556	3140XCQJ0	08/01/36		1,425,971
FHLMC ONE TIME CALL	3134GXR55	08/25/25		1,938,052
FHLB CALLABLE	3130ASG52	06/30/27		1,919,244
FHBL CALLABLE	3130ASWR6	08/25/27		1,932,446
FFCB BULLET	3133ENJ68	09/01/23		2,989,434
FHLB CALLABLE	3130ATCN5	09/27/24		2,943,072
FHLB CALLABLE	3130ATCL9	12/19/24	_	2,937,621
			\$ _	22,939,561

The holder of the security pledged by Carlsbad National Bank is Federal Home Loan bank of Dallas, 8500 Freeport Parkway South, Irving, TX 75063.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD SCHEDULE OF PLEDGED COLLATERAL ALL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.
Carlsbad Office
115 W. Fox Street
Carlsbad, New Mexico 88221

	CUSIP	Maturity		Market
Security Description	Number	Date		Value
FR QA7254	3133A2BX7	02/01/50	\$	9,625,643
FN FS0535	3140XFSZ5	07/01/43	_	25,453,137
			\$	35,078,780

The holder of the security pledged by Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. is Public Funds Administration, 420 Montgomery St., 11th San Francisco, CA 94104.

Western Commerce Bank
P.O. Drawer 1358
Carlsbad, New Mexico 88221-1358

	CUSIP	Maturity		Market
Security Description	Number	Date		Value
FHLMC #G08534	3128MJSY7	06/01/43	\$	396,293
FHLMC #J22899	31307BGG9	03/01/28		137,470
FNMA #MA3697	31418DDB5	07/01/39		288,987
FNMA #MA3741	31418DEP3	08/01/39		302,608
FNMA #MA3771	31418DFM9	09/01/39		364,620
SBAP Series 2021-25H 1	83162CL68	08/01/46		734,347
SBAP Series 2013-20B Class 1	83162CVH3	02/01/33		427,798
SBAP Series 2013-20J Class 1	83162CVV2	10/01/33		343,567
SBAP Series 2016-20H Class 1	83162CXY4	08/01/36		323,536
SBAP Series 2017-201 Class 1	83162CYW7	09/01/37		795,544
Treasury 1 1/4 04/10/28	91282CBZ3	04/30/28	_	2,191,113
			\$ _	6,305,883

The holder of the security pledged by Western Commerce Bank is the Federal Home Loan Bank of Dallas, P.O. Box 619026, Dallas, TX 75261-9026.

Total pledged collateral \$ ___64,324,224

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CARLSBAD

SCHEDULE OF JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Joint Powers		Responsible		Beginning and	Audit	Reporting
#	Agreement	Participants	Party	Description	Ending Dates	Responsibility	Entity
1	Eddy County	Eddy County City of Carlsbad	City	Naming & Assigning Addresses	9/17/1985	City	City of Carlsbad
2	DOE, WIPP Eddy County	DOE, WIPP, Eddy County, City of Carlsbad	City	Emergency Operations Center	6/15/1988	City	City of Carlsbad
3	NM Construction Industries	NM Construction Industries Division	City	Provide building inspection within Muncipal boundaries	1/14/1982	City	City of Carlsbad
4	Eddy County	City of Carlsbad Eddy County	City	800 megahertz trunked radio system	10/30/1990 thru 1/1/2100	City	City of Carlsbad
5	City of Artesia Villages of Hope & Loving, DOE	Cities of Carlsbad & Artesia Villages of Hope & Loving DOE	City	Emergency Preparedness Program	1/14/1993 thru 2100	City	City of Carlsbad
6	NM Energy Mineral & Natural Resources Department	City of Carlsbad NM Energy, Minerals & Natural Resources Department	City	Wildfire Suppression	2/17/1993 thru 1/1/2100	City	City of Carlsbad
7	Pecos Valley Water Users Organization	City of Carlsbad Includes counties: Chavez, Eddy, DeBaca, Cities of: Roswell, Artesia, Carlsbad, Carlsbad Irrigation Dist, the Southeastern NM Econ., Devel. Dist, Pecos Valley Artesian Conservancy Dist., Hagerman Irrig. Dist., Sureste RC & D&R Region VI NM Assoc. of Conservation Dist.	City	Operating	11/7/2006 thru 1/1/2100	City	City of Carlsbad
8	ELEA	City of Carlsbad Eddy-Lea Alliance, LLC	City		11/7/2006 thru 11/6/2100	ELEA	ELEA



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Assistance Listing	Contract/Grant Project/State	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Passed through New Mexico Environment Department			
Economic Development Cluster			
Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	08-79-05598	\$ 102,384
Total Economic Development Cluster			102,384
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			102,384
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Passed through New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration			
Community Development Block Grants	14.228	18-C-NR-I-01-G-12	54,848
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			54,848
U.S. Department of Justice			
Direct			
STOP School Violence	16.839	2019-YS-BX-0118	69,793
Congressionally Recommended Awards	16.753	15PBJA-22-GG-00169-BRND	399,894
Total Department of Justice	2000	10. 30% 12 GG 00100 3MM3	469,687
			,,,,,,
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct			
Airport Improvement Program	* 20.106	3-35-0007-033-2022	1,123,771
Total Direct Awards from U.S. Department of Transportation			1,123,771
Passed through New Mexico Department of Transportation			
Federal Transit Cluster			
Buses and Bus Facilities Formula, Competitive, and Low or No Emissions Programs	20.526	M01465	103,517
Total Federal Transit Cluster			103,517
Farmer In County for Devel Access	20 500	1401.465	570.050
Formula Grants for Rural Areas	20.509	M01465 02-AL-64-013 &	570,956
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	20.608	03-AL-64-013	23,971
Total Passed through New Mexico Department of Transportation			698,444
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			1,822,215
II.C. Donawharant of the Transaction			
U.S. Department of the Treasury Passed through New Mexico Department of Finance and Administration			
COVID-19 - Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	* 21.027	N/A	3,681,801
Total Department of the Treasury		.4	3,681,801
····,			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
National Endowment for the Humanities			
Passed through New Mexico State Library			
Grants to States (ARPA Library Grant)	45.310	N/A	11,540
Total National Endowment for the Humanities			11,540
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 6,142,475
* Denotes Major Federal Program			_
Reconciliation to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance			
Federal expenditures per SEFA			\$ 6,142,475
Total federal grant revenue – governmental funds			6,040,091
Total federal grant revenue - pro funds			102,384
Net difference			\$ -

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

CITY OF CARLSBAD

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Carlsbad, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

Note 2 - Non-Cash Federal Assistance

No non-cash federal assistance was received during the year ended June 30, 2023.

Note 3 - Subrecipients

The City of Carlsbad provided no federal awards presented above to sub-recipients during the year.

Note 4 - Cost Rate

The City of Carlsbad did not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

Note 5 - Loan and Loan Guarantees

The following is the outstanding principal balance of the Clean Water State Revolving Funds (CWSRF) program at June 30, 2023. Because there are no continuing compliance requirements, the outstanding balance is not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

<u>Federal Grantor/Program Title</u>	AL Number	Loan Number	 June 30, 2023
Clean Water State Revolving Loan Funds	66.458	Loan #CWSRF 010	\$ 15,041,272



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Mayor and City Councilors The City of Carlsbad and Joseph M. Maestas, PE **New Mexico State Auditor**

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the general fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison of the general fund, of the City of Carlsbad (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2023.

Report Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, continued

December 12, 2023

corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, continued

December 12, 2023

accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hinkle + Landers, P.C.

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Hinkle & Landers, P.C.

December 12, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Mayor and City Councilors The City of Carlsbad and Joseph M. Maestas, PE **New Mexico State Auditor**

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Carlsbad's (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, continued

December 12, 2023

evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City's federal programs.

<u>Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance</u>

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
 necessary in the circumstances.

December 12, 2023

 Obtain an understanding of City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, continued

December 12, 2023

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hinkle + Landers, P.C.

Hinkle & Landers, P.C.

Albuquerque, NM

December 12, 2023

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION I -SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Financial Statements:				
Type of report independent auditor issued on financial statements				
Internal control over fi	nancial reporting:			
Material weakness(es)	identified?		□ Yes 図 No	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be a material weakness(es)?				
Noncompliance materi	al to the financial statements note	ed?	□ Yes ⊠ No	
Federal Awards:				
Type of opinion independent auditor issued on compliance for major federal awards				
Internal control over m	ajor federal programs:			
Material weakness(es)	identified?		□ Yes ⊠ No	
Significant deficiency(i	es) identified that not considered	to		
be a material w	reakness(es)?		□ Yes ⊠ No	
Any audit findings disc	closed that are required to be repo	rted in accordance		
with section 2 C	CFR section 200.516(a)		□ Yes ⊠ No	
Identification of major	federal programs:			
AL Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Funding Source		
21.027	Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	U.S. Department of the Tre	easury	
20.106	Airport Improvement Program	U.S. Department of Transpo	rtation	
Dollar threshold used t	o distinguish between type A and	type B programs:	\$750,000	

⊠Yes □No

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SECTION II AND SECTION III-SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

		Status of Current &	
		Prior Year	Type of
Reference #	Finding	Findings	Finding*
<u>Prior Year Findings</u>			
2022-001	24 Hour Deposit Requirement	Resolved	G
Current Year Findings			
2023-001	Timely Grant Invoicing and Unbilled Receivables	Current	В

^{*} Legend for Type of Findings

- A. Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
- B. Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
- C. Finding that Does Not Rise to the Level of a Significant Deficiency (Other Matters) Involving Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
- D. Material Weakness in Internal Control Over Compliance of Federal Awards
- E. Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Compliance of Federal Awards
- F. Instance of Noncompliance related to Federal Awards
- G. Other non-compliance with State Audit Rule, NM State Statutes, NMAC or other entity compliance
- H. Instance of Material Non-Compliance

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
CITY OF CARLSBAD

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS

2023-001 — TIMELY GRANT INVOICING AND UNBILLED RECEIVABLES

Type of Finding: (B) Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Statement of Condition

Cost reimbursement revenue from grant projects in the Airport Fund (202) and the Water and Sewer Fund (700) has not been appropriately recognized in the period corresponding to the expenditures.

During our audit, the following issues were identified:

• The Airport Fund received 4 reimbursements totaling \$842,512 during FY23, resulting from

expenditures during 2018-2022. These reimbursements were not accrued as receivables due

to the revenue being received more than three months after June 30, 2022.

• The Water and Sewer Fund received a \$33,978 reimbursement for expenses incurred in FY22,

which was not accrued as a receivable because the revenue was received more than three

months after June 30, 2022.

Criteria

Grant billings should be tracked to ensure compliance with applicable grant agreements, prevent

discrepancies arising from double billing or underbilling, and uphold the principles of transparency,

accountability, and fiduciary responsibility. The tracking process should include adequate internal

controls and documentation to support the accuracy and reliability of reported grant billings in

financial statements.

Cause

The delayed submission of these expenses for reimbursement to the respective granting agencies

resulted in the failure to accrue these amounts. Accruals were based on cash receipts rather than

actual expenditures.

Effect

Revenue attributable to these grants was understated in prior fiscal years.

Recommendation

It is recommended that expenditures for major projects undergo quarterly reviews, and requests for

reimbursement be submitted to all granting agencies promptly. Furthermore, it is advised that the

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STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

City designate an employee to conduct this review, taking responsibility for timely submission of requests or overseeing those responsible for such submissions to ensure adherence to deadlines. This proactive approach will enhance financial reporting accuracy and compliance with grant agreements.

View of Responsible Officials

In the past, the City's grant management process had been decentralized. The City agrees with the audit finding recommendation, and has already taken steps to centralize grant management. During November 2023, the City reclassified a current position, that assisted with grant management on a part-time basis, to a fulltime position focused only on grant management. This position is titled Director of Grant Programs. The employee assigned to this position has extensive experience in grant management.

Corrective Action Plan Timeline:

The corrective action has taken place. The Director of Grant Programs started in their position on November 9, 2023.

<u>Designation Of Employee Position Responsible For Meeting Deadline:</u>

City Administrator for the City of Carlsbad

STATE OF NEW MEXICO CITY OF CARLSBAD EXIT CONFERENCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

A. AUDITOR PREPARED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Presentation: The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the City and are based on information from the City's financial records. Assistance was provided by Hinkle + Landers, PC to the City in preparing the financial statements.

B. EXIT CONFERENCE

The contents of the report for the City of Carlsbad were discussed on December 12, 2023. The following individuals were in attendance:

City of Carlsbad Officials

Dale Janway Mayor

Jeff Forest City Councilor

John Lowe City Administrator

Wendy Austin Deputy City Administrator

Hinkle + Landers, P.C. Officials

Farley Vener, CPA, CFE, CGMA President

Rosetta Lee, CPA Audit Manager